

TS100-E7/PI4

Pedestal Server

User Guide



E6399

First Edition March 2011

Copyright © 2011 ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC. All Rights Reserved.

No part of this manual, including the products and software described in it, may be reproduced, transmitted, transcribed, stored in a retrieval system, or translated into any language in any form or by any means, except documentation kept by the purchaser for backup purposes, without the express written permission of ASUSTEK COMPUTER INC. ("ASUS").

ASUS provides this manual "as is" without warranty of any kind, either express or implied, including but not limited to the implied warranties or conditions of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. In no event shall ASUS, its directors, officers, employees, or agents be liable for any indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages (including damages for loss of profits, loss of business, loss of use or data, interruption of business and the like), even if ASUS has been advised of the possibility of such damages arising from any defect or error in this manual or product.

Specifications and information contained in this manual ae furnished for informational use only, and are subject to change at any time without notice, and should not be construed as a commitment by ASUS. ASUS assumes no responsibility or liability for any errors or inaccuracies that may appear in this manual, including the products and software described in it.

Product warranty or service will not be extended if: (1) the product is repaired, modified or altered, unless such repair, modification of alteration is authorized in writing by ASUS; or (2) the serial number of the product is defaced or missing.

Products and corporate names appearing in this manual may or may not be registered trademarks or copyrights of their respective companies, and are used only for identification or explanation and to the owners' benefit, without intent to infringe.

Notice	s	vii
Safety	informati	ion viii
About	this guid	e x
Chapt	er 1:	Product introduction
1.1	System	package contents1-2
1.2	Serial nu	umber label 1-2
1.3	System	specifications1-3
1.4	Front pa	nel features 1-5
1.5	Rear par	nel features 1-6
1.6	Internal	features 1-7
1.7	LED info	prmation 1-8
	1.7.1	Front panel LEDs 1-8
	1.7.2	Rear panel LEDs1-8
Chapt	er 2:	Hardware setup
2.1	Chassis	cover
	2.1.1	Removing the side cover
	2.1.2	Reinstalling the side cover 2-3
2.2	Central	Processing Unit (CPU)2-4
	2.2.1	Installing the CPU 2-4
	2.2.2	Installing the CPU heatsink and fan2-7
	2.2.3	Uninstalling the CPU heatsink and fan 2-8
2.3	System	memory
	2.3.1	Overview
	2.3.2	Memory Configurations
	2.3.3	Installing a DIMM
	2.3.4	Removing a DIMM
2.4	Front pa	nel cover
	2.4.1	Removing the front panel cover2-11
	2.4.2	Reinstalling the front panel cover2-11
2.5	5.25-incl	h drives
2.6	Hard dis	sk drives
2.7	Expansi	on cards 2-15
	2.7.1	Installing an expansion card

	2.7.2	Configuring an expansion card 2-17
2.8	System	fan 2-18
2.9	Cable co	onnections 2-19
Chapt	er 3:	Motherboard Info
3.1	Motherb	ooard layout
3.2	Jumpers	s
3.3	Internal	connectors
Chapt	er 4:	BIOS setup
4.1		ng and updating your BIOS4-2
	4.1.1	ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 utility 4-2
	4.1.2	ASUS EZ Flash Utility
	4.1.3	BUPDATER utility
4.2	BIOS se	tup program
	4.2.1	BIOS menu screen
	4.2.2	Menu bar 4-7
	4.2.3	Menu items 4-8
	4.2.4	Submenu items
	4.2.5	Navigation keys 4-8
	4.2.6	General help 4-8
	4.2.7	Configuration fields 4-8
	4.2.8	Pop-up window 4-8
	4.2.9	Scroll bar 4-8
4.3	Main me	enu 4-9
	4.3.1	System Date [Day xx/xx/xxxx] 4-9
	4.3.2	System Time [xx:xx:xx]
	4.3.3	Security 4-9
4.4	Event Lo	ogs menu 4-11
4.5	Advance	ed menu 4-13
	4.5.1	ACPI Settings 4-13
	4.5.2	Trusted Computing
	4.5.3	WHEA Configuration 4-14
	4.5.4	CPU Configuration 4-15
	4.5.5	North Bridge

	4.5.6	South Bridge	4-17
	4.5.7	SATA Configuration	4-18
	4.5.8	Intel TXT(LT) Configuration	4-19
	4.5.9	USB Configuration	4-19
	4.5.10	Onboard Devices Configuration	4-20
	4.5.11	APM	4-22
	4.5.12	Serial Port Console Redirection	4-23
4.6	Monito	r menu	4-25
4.7	Boot m	nenu	4-26
4.8	Tool m	enu	4-28
4.9	Exit me	enu	4-28
Cha	oter 5:	RAID configuration	
5.1	Setting	up RAID	5-2
	5.1.1	RAID definitions	5-2
	5.1.2	Installing hard disk drives	5-3
	5.1.3	Setting the RAID item in BIOS	5-3
5.2	LSI Sof	ftware RAID Configuration Utility	5-4
	5.2.1	Creating a RAID set	5-5
	5.2.2	Adding or viewing a RAID configuration	5-11
	5.2.3	Initializing the virtual drives	5-12
	5.2.4	Rebuilding failed drives	5-16
	5.2.5	Checking the drives for data consistency	5-18
	5.2.6	Deleting a RAID configuration	5-21
	5.2.7	Selecting the boot drive from a RAID set	5-22
	5.2.8	Enabling WriteCache	5-23
5.3	Intel [®] F	apid Storage Technology Option ROM Utilitys	5-24
	5.3.1	Creating a RAID set	5-25
	5.3.2	Creating a Recovery set	5-26
	5.3.3	Deleting a RAID set	5-28
	5.3.4	Resetting disks to Non-RAID	5-29
	5.3.5	Recovery Volume Options	5-30
	5.3.6	Exiting the Intel [®] Rapid Storage Technology utility.	5-31
	5.3.7	Rebuilding the RAID	5-31
	5.3.8	Setting the Boot array in the BIOS Setup Utility	5-33

Chap	oter 6:	Driver installation	
6.1	RAID o	driver installation	6-2
	6.1.1	Creating a RAID driver disk	6-2
	6.1.2	Installing the RAID controller driver	6-5
6.2	Intel [®] c	chipset device software installation	6-8
6.3	LAN d	river installation	6-10
6.4	VGA d	river installation	6-13
6.5	Manag	ement applications and utilities installation	6-15
	6.5.1	Running the support DVD	6-15
	6.5.2	Drivers menu	6-15
	6.5.3	Utilities menu	6-16
	6.5.4	Make disk menu	6-16
	6.5.5	Contact information	6-16

Notices

Federal Communications Commission Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- · Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



WARNING! The use of shielded cables for connection of the monitor to the graphics card is required to assure compliance with FCC regulations. Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

Canadian Department of Communications Statement

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Safety information

Electrical Safety

- Before installing or removing signal cables, ensure that the power cables for the system unit and all attached devices are unplugged.
- To prevent electrical shock hazard, disconnect the power cable from the electrical outlet before relocating the system.
- When adding or removing any additional devices to or from the system, contact a qualified service technician or your dealer. Ensure that the power cables for the devices are unplugged before the signal cables are connected. If possible, disconnect all power cables from the existing system before you service.
- If the power supply is broken, do not try to fix it by yourself. Contact a qualified service technician or your dealer.

Operation Safety

- Servicing of this product or units is to be performed by trained service personnel only.
- Before operating the server, carefully read all the manuals included with the server package.
- Before using the server, make sure all cables are correctly connected and the power cables are not damaged. If any damage is detected, contact your dealer as soon as possible.
- To avoid short circuits, keep paper clips, screws, and staples away from connectors, slots, sockets and circuitry.
- Avoid dust, humidity, and temperature extremes. Place the server on a stable surface.



This product is equipped with a three-wire power cable and plug for the user's safety. Use the power cable with a properly grounded electrical outlet to avoid electrical shock.

Lithium-Ion Battery Warning

CAUTION! Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

CD-ROM Drive Safety Warning

CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT

Heavy System

CAUTION! This server system is heavy. Ask for assistance when moving or carrying the system.

REACH

Complying with the REACH (Registration, Evaluation, Authorization, and Restriction of Chemicals) regulatory framework, we published the chemical substances in our products at ASUS website at <u>http://csr.asus.com/english/REACH.htm</u>.

ASUS Recycling/Takeback Services

ASUS recycling and takeback programs come from our commitment to the highest standards for protecting our environment. We believe in providing solutions for you to be able to responsibly recycle our products, batteries, other components as well as the packaging materials. Please go to <u>http://csr.asus.com/english/Takeback.htm</u> for detailed recycling information in different regions.



DO NOT throw the motherboard in municipal waste. This product has been designed to enable proper reuse of parts and recycling. This symbol of the crossed out wheeled bin indicates that the product (electrical and electronic equipment) should not be placed in municipal waste. Check local regulations for disposal of electronic products.



DO NOT throw the mercury-containing button cell battery in municipal waste. This symbol of the crossed out wheeled bin indicates that the battery should not be placed in municipal waste.

About this guide

Audience

This user guide is intended for system integrators, and experienced users with at least basic knowledge of configuring a server.

Contents

This guide contains the following parts:

1. Chapter 1: Product Introduction

This chapter describes the general features of the server, including sections on front panel and rear panel specifications.

2. Chapter 2: Hardware setup

This chapter lists the hardware setup procedures that you have to perform when installing or removing system components.

3. Chapter 3: Motherboard information

This chapter includes the motherboard layout and brief descriptions of the jumpers and internal connectors.

4. Chapter 4: BIOS information

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus and describes the BIOS parameters.

5. Chapter 5: RAID configuration

This chapter provides instructions for setting up, creating and configuring RAID sets using the available utilities.

6 Chapter 6: Driver installation

This chapter provides instructions for installing the necessary drivers for different system components.

Conventions

To make sure that you perform certain tasks properly, take note of the following symbols used throughout this manual.



DANGER/WARNING: Information to prevent injury to yourself when trying to complete a task.



CAUTION: Information to prevent damage to the components when trying to complete a task.



IMPORTANT: Instructions that you MUST follow to complete a task.

NOTE: Tips and additional information to help you complete a task.

Typography

Bold text	Indicates a menu or an item to select.	
Italics	Used to emphasize a word or a phrase.	
<key></key>	Keys enclosed in the less-than and greater-than sign means that you must press the enclosed key.	
	Example: <enter> means that you must press the Enter or Return key.</enter>	
<key1+key2+key3></key1+key2+key3>	If you must press two or more keys simultaneously, the key names are linked with a plus sign (+).	
	Example: <ctrl+alt+d></ctrl+alt+d>	
Command	Means that you must type the command exactly as shown, then supply the required item or value enclosed in brackets.	
	Example: At the DOS prompt, type the command line: format A:/S	

References

Refer to the following sources for additional information, and for product and software updates.

1. ASUS Server Web-based Management (ASWM) user guide

This manual tells how to set up and use the proprietary ASUS server management utility.

2. ASUS websites

The ASUS websites worldwide provide updated information for all ASUS hardware and software products. Refer to the ASUS contact information.



Chapter 1

This chapter describes the general features of the server, including sections on front panel and rear panel specifications.



introduction roduct

ASUS TS100-E7/PI4

1.1 System package contents

Check your system package for the following items.

Model Name	TS100-E7/PI4
Chassis	ASUS T11 Pedestal Chassis
Motherboard	ASUS P8B-X/MR Server Board
Component	1 x 300W Single Power Supply 1 x 120mm x 25mm System Fan 4 x SATA Cables 4 x Internal HDD bays 1 x Front I/O Board (FPB-R9)
Accessories	1 x TS100-E7/Pl4 User's Guide 1 x TS100-E7/Pl4 Support CD 1 x Bag of Screws 1 x AC Power Cable
Optional Items	CPU Heatsink Anti-virus Software CD



If any of the above items is damaged or missing, contact your retailer.

1.2 Serial number label

Before requesting support from the ASUS Technical Support team, you must take note of the product's serial number containing 14 characters such as xxS0xxxxxxx shown as the figure below. With the correct serial number of the product, ASUS Technical Support team members can then offer a quicker and satisfying solution to your problems.



1.3 System specifications

The ASUS TS100-E7/PI4 is a pedestal barebone server system featuring the ASUS P8B-X/MR server board. The server supports Intel[®] LGA1155 Lynnfield / Clarkdale processors, plus other latest technologies through the chipsets onboard.

Model Name		TS100-E7/PI4	
		1* socket LGA1155	
Processor / System Bus		Intel [®] Xeon [®] E3-1200 Processor Family Intel [®] Core™ i3-2100 Processor Family	
Core Logic		Intel [®] C202 Chipset	
	Total Slots	4 DIMMs(2 Channels)	
Momony	Capacity	Maximum up to 32GB	
Memory	Memory Type	DDR3 1066/1333 ECC UDIMM	
	Memory Size	1 GB, 2GB, 4GB, 8GB	
	Total PCI/PCI-X/ PCI-E Slots	6	
Expansion Slots	Slot Type	1x PCI-E G2 x16 slot (x16 link) 1x PCI-E G2 x 8 slot (x4 link) 2x PCI-E G2 x1 slot (x1 link) 2 x PCI 32/33 5V	
Storage		Intel [®] C202: 6 SATA 3Gb/s ports Intel Rapid Storage (for Windows only) (Support software RAID 0, 1, 10, 5) LSI [®] MegaRAID (for Linux/Windows) (Support software RAID 0, 1, 10)	
I = internal HDD Bays A or S = hot- swappable		4 * Internal 3.5" SATA2 HDD Bays	
Networking	LAN	2 * Intel 82574L	
Graphic	VGA	Z9s	
Auxiliary Storage FDD / CD / DVD		3 * 5.25" media bays (Options: No Device / DVD-RW)	
Onboard I/O		1 * External Serial Port 2 * RJ-45 ports 4* USB 2.0 ports (Front * 2, Rear * 2) 1 * VGA port 1 * PS/2 keyboard port 1 * PS/2 mouse port	

(continued on the next page)

OS Support		Windows [®] Server 2008 R2 Windows [®] Server 2008 Enterprise 32/64-bit Windows [®] Server 2003 R2 Enterprise 32/64-bit RedHat [®] Enterprise Linux AS5.5/6.0 32/64-bit SuSE [®] Linux Enterprise Server 10 SP3/11 32/64-bit (Subject to change without any notice)		
Anti-virus Softwar	re	Optional Anti-Virus CD Pack		
Management Solution	Software	ASUS ASWM Enterprise		
Dimension (HH x	WW x DD)	436.8mm * 200mm * 478.8mm		
Net Weight Kg (CPU, DRAM & HDD not inclu ded)		15 Kg		
Power Supply		300W 80PLUS Single Power Supply		
Power Rating		100-240Vac, 8-4A, 50-60Hz, Class I		
Environment		Operation temperature: 10°C–35°C / Non operation temperature: -40°C–70°C Non operation humidity: 20%–90% (Non-condensing)		

*Specifications are subject to change without notice.

1.4 Front panel features

The barebone server displays a simple yet stylish front panel with easily accessible features. The power and reset buttons, LED indicators, optical drive, and two USB ports are located on the front panel.

The drive bays, power and reset buttons, LED indicators, CD/DVD-ROM drive, and USB 2.0 ports are located on the front panel. For future installation of 5.25-inch devices, two drive bays are available.

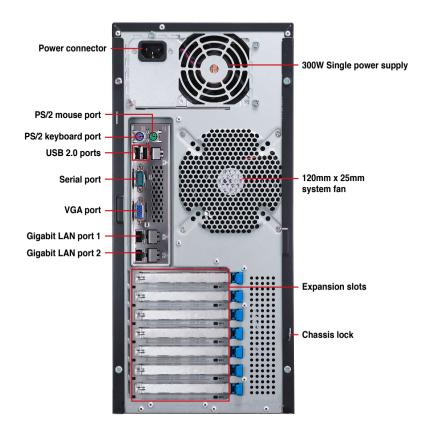




Refer to section 1.7.1 Front panel LEDs for the LED descriptions.

1.5 Rear panel features

The rear panel includes a slot for the motherboard rear I/O ports, expansion slots, a chassis lock, a vent for the system fan, and power supply module.



1.6 Internal features

The barebone server includes the basic components as shown.



- 1. Power supply unit
- 2. 120mm x 25mm system fan
- 3. ASUS P8B-X/MR Server Board
- 4. Expansion card locks
- 5. Optical drive
- 6. 2 x 5.25-inch drive bays
- 7. Front I/O board (hidden)
- 8. Internal HDD bays



Turn off the system power and detach the power supply before removing or replacing any system component.



The barebone server does not include a floppy disk drive and an optical disc drive. Connect a USB floppy disk drive or a USB ODD to any of the USB ports on the front or rear panel if you need to use a floppy disk or a optical disc.

HAZARDOUS MOVING PARTS KEEP FINGERS AND OTHER BODY PARTS AWAY

1.7 LED information

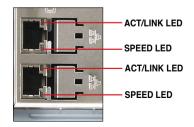
1.7.1 Front panel LEDs



Power LED

LED	lcon	Display status	Description
Power LED	Ũ	ON	System power ON
HDD Access LED	ĕ	OFF Blinking	No activity Read/write data into the HDD

1.7.2 Rear panel LEDs



ACT/LI	NK LED	SPEED LED		
Status	Description	Status	Description	
OFF	No link	OFF	10 Mbps connection	
GREEN	Linked	ORANGE	100 Mbps connection	
BLINKING	Data activity	GREEN	1 Gbps connection	



This chapter lists the hardware setup procedures that you have to perform when installing or removing system components.



setup ardware

ASUS TS100-E7/PI4

2.1 Chassis cover

2.1.1 Removing the side cover



- Ensure that you unplug the power cord before removing the side cover.
- Take extra care when removing the side cover. Keep your fingers from components inside the chassis that can cause injury, such as the CPU fan, rear fan, and other sharp-edged parts.
- The images of the barebone server shown in this section are for reference purposes only and may not exactly match the model you purchase.

To remove the side cover:

1. Remove the two screws that secure the side cover.



- Slide the side cover for about half an inch toward the rear until it is disengaged from the chassis.
- 3. Carefully lift the side cover and set it aside.



2.1.2 Reinstalling the side cover

To reinstall the side cover:

- 1. Match and insert the lower sliding edge of the side cover to the corresponding chassis edge.
- 2. Position the side cover to the chassis.



3. Slide the side cover toward the front panel until it snaps in place.



4. Drive in the two screws you removed earlier to secure the side cover.



2.2 Central Processing Unit (CPU)

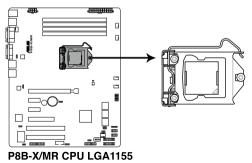
The motherboard comes with a surface mount LGA1155 socket designed for the Intel[®] Xeon E3-1200/Core™ i3-2100 processor.

- Upon purchase of the motherboard, ensure that the PnP cap is on the socket and the socket contacts are not bent. Contact your retailer immediately if the PnP cap is missing, or if you see any damage to the PnP cap/socket contacts/motherboard components. ASUS will shoulder the cost of repair only if the damage is shipment/transit-related.
 - Keep the cap after installing the motherboard. ASUS will process Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) requests only if the motherboard comes with the cap on the LGA1155 socket.
 - The product warranty does not cover damage to the socket contacts resulting from incorrect CPU installation/removal, or misplacement/loss/ incorrect removal of the PnP cap.

2.2.1 Installing the CPU

To install a CPU:

1. Locate the CPU socket on the motherboard.

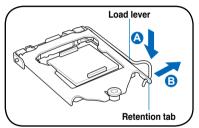


(r)

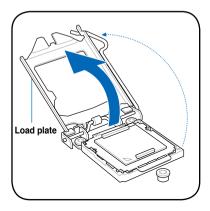
Before installing the CPU, ensure that the socket box is facing toward you and the load lever is on your left.

 Press the load lever with your thumb (A), and then move it to the right (B) until it is released from the retention tab.

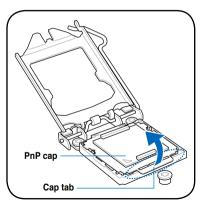
> To prevent damage to the socket pins, do not remove the PnP cap unless you are installing a CPU.



 Lift the load lever in the direction of the arrow until the load plate is completely lifted.



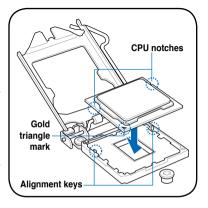
4. Remove the PnP cap from the CPU socket by lifting the tab only.



 Position the CPU over the socket, ensuring that the gold triangle is on the bottom-left corner of the socket, and then fit the socket alignment keys into the CPU notches.



The CPU fits in only one correct orientation. DO NOT force the CPU into the socket to prevent bending the connectors on the socket and damaging the CPU!



 Apply some Thermal Interface Material to the exposed area of the CPU that the heatsink will be in contact with, ensuring that it is spread in an even thin layer.

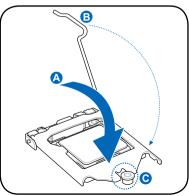


Some heatsinks come with preapplied thermal paste. If so, skip this step.

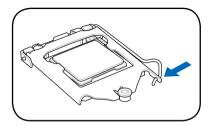
The Thermal Interface Material is toxic and inedible. DO NOT eat it. If it gets into your eyes or touches your skin, wash it off immediately, and seek professional medical help.

 Close the load plate (A), and then push down the load lever (B), ensuring that the front edge of the load plate slides under the retention knob (C).





8. Insert the load lever under the retention tab.



2.2.2 Installing the CPU heatsink and fan

The Intel[®] LGA1155 processor requires a specially designed heatsink and fan assembly to ensure optimum thermal condition and performance.

- When you buy a boxed Intel[®] processor, the package includes the CPU fan and heatsink assembly. If you buy a CPU separately, ensure that you use only Intel[®]-certified multi-directional heatsink and fan.
 - Your Intel[®] LGA1155 heatsink and fan assembly comes in a push-pin design and requires no tool to install.
 - Use an LGA1155-compatible CPU heatsink and fan assembly only. The LGA1155 socket is incompatible with the LGA775 and LGA1366 sockets in size and dimension.



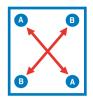
If you purchased a separate CPU heatsink and fan assembly, ensure that the Thermal Interface Material is properly applied to the CPU heatsink or CPU before you install the heatsink and fan assembly.

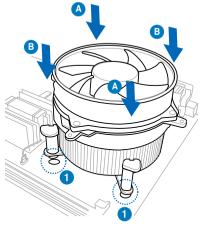


Ensure that you have installed the motherboard to the chassis before you install the CPU fan and heatsink assembly.

To install the CPU heatsink and fan:

- 1. Place the heatsink on top of the installed CPU, making sure that the four fasteners match the holes on the motherboard.
- Push down two fasteners at a time in a diagonal sequence to secure the heatsink and fan assembly in place.

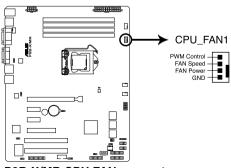






Orient the heatsink and fan assembly such that the CPU fan cable is closest to the CPU fan connector.

3. Connect the CPU fan cable to the connector on the motherboard labeled CPU_FAN1.



P8B-X/MR CPU FAN connector

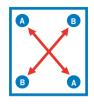


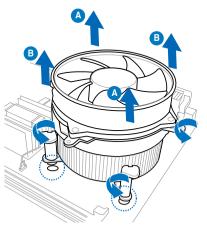
DO NOT forget to connect the CPU fan connector! Hardware monitoring errors can occur if you fail to plug this connector.

2.2.3 Uninstalling the CPU heatsink and fan

To uninstall the CPU heatsink and fan:

- 1. Disconnect the CPU fan cable from the connector on the motherboard.
- 2. Rotate each fastener counterclockwise.
- Pull up two fasteners at a time in a diagonal sequence to disengage the heatsink and fan assembly from the motherboard.





4. Carefully remove the heatsink and fan assembly from the motherboard.

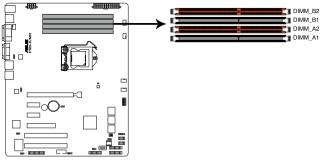
2.3 System memory

2.3.1 Overview

The motherboard comes with four Double Data Rate 3 (DDR3) Dual Inline Memory Modules (DIMM) sockets.

A DDR3 module has the same physical dimensions as a DDR2 DIMM but is notched differently to prevent installation on a DDR2 DIMM socket. DDR3 modules are developed for better performance with less power consumption.

The figure illustrates the location of the DDR3 DIMM sockets:



P8B-X/MR 240-pin DDR3 DIMM sockets

2.3.2 Memory Configurations

You may install 1 GB, 2 GB, 4 GB, 8GB Unbuffered with ECC DDR3 DIMMs into the DIMM sockets using the memory configurations in this section.

UDIMM						
DIMM Slot Per Channel	DIMM Populated per Channel	DIMM Туре	Speed	Rank per DIMM		
2	1	Unbuffered DDR3 ECC	1066/1333	Single Rank, Dual Rank		
2	2	Unbuffered DDR3 ECC	1066/1333	Single Rank, Dual Rank		

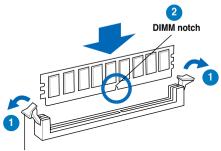
- Always install DIMMs with the same CAS latency. For optimum compatibility, it is recommended that you obtain memory modules from the same vendor.
- Install the DDR to the A2 or B2 (orange slot) when installing only one memory module to the motherboard.

2.3.3 Installing a DIMM



Ensure to unplug the power supply before adding or removing DIMMs or other system components. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to both the motherboard and the components.

- 1. Unlock a DIMM socket by pressing the retaining clips outward.
- Align a DIMM on the socket such that the notch on the DIMM matches the break on the socket.

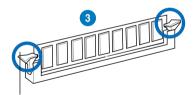


Unlocked retaining clip



A DIMM is keyed with a notch so that it fits in only one direction. DO NOT force a DIMM into a socket to avoid damaging the DIMM.

 Firmly insert the DIMM into the socket until the retaining clips snap back in place and the DIMM is properly seated.

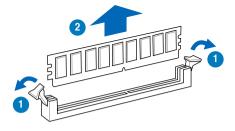




2.3.4 Removing a DIMM

Follow these steps to remove a DIMM.

1. Simultaneously press the retaining clips outward to unlock the DIMM.





Support the DIMM lightly with your fingers when pressing the retaining clips. The DIMM might get damaged when it flips out with extra force.

2. Remove the DIMM from the socket.

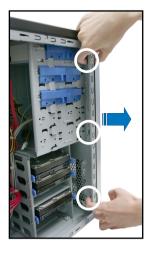
2.4 Front panel cover

Before you can install a 5.25-inch drive, you should first remove the front panel cover.

2.4.1 Removing the front panel cover

To remove the front panel cover:

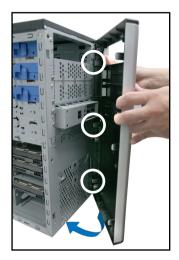
- 1. Locate the three hooked tabs on the chassis side rail.
- Release the hooked tabs and take off the front panel cover.



2.4.2 Reinstalling the front panel cover

To reinstall the front panel cover:

- 1. Hook the other side of the front panel cover to the chassis.
- 2. Swing the front panel cover and snap it back into place.

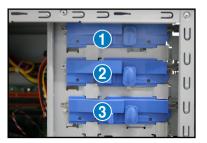


2.5 5.25-inch drives



Ensure to unplug the power cable before installing or removing any system components. Failure to do so may cause damage to the motherboard and other system components!

The system comes with three 5.25-inch drive bays located on the upper front part of the chassis. An optical drive that comes standard/optional with the system package occupies the uppermost bay (labeled 1). The lower bays (labeled 2 and 3) are available for additional 5.25inch optical, or zip disk drives.





You must remove the front panel cover before installing a 5.25-inch drive.

Installing a 5.25-inch drive

- 1. Follow the instructions on the previous section to remove the front panel cover.
- 2. Remove the plastic cover opposite the drive bay you used by pressing the hooks inward.



 Unscrew and remove the metal cover of the bay where you want to install the 5.25-inch drive



Take extra care when removing the metal cover. Use tools such as a screw driver to bend and remove the metal cover to avoid physical injury.



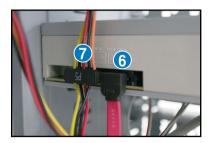
4. Insert the drive into the bay.



5. Slide the bay lock to the right until it clicks in place.



- 6. Connect the SATA cable to the SATA connector on the back of the drive.
- 7. Connect a power plug from the power supply to the power connector on the back of the drive.



8. Follow the instructions on the previous section to reinstall the front panel cover.

2.6 Hard disk drives

The server system supports four Serial ATA hard disk drives through screw-free hard disk drive holders.

To install a Serial ATA hard disk drive:

1. Secure the supplied HDD trays to the HDD with four screws.

 Carefully insert the trays with the HDD installed and push them all the way to the depth of the bay.

- 3. Connect the SATA cable to the SATA connector on the back of the drive.
- 4. Connect a power plug from the power supply to the power connector on the back of the drive.







2.7 Expansion cards

The system is designed with an expansion card lock on the rear panel for you to install or remove an expansion card in less steps.



Ensure to unplug the power cord before installing or removing expansion cards. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to the motherboard and other system components!

2.7.1 Installing an expansion card

To install an expansion card:

- 1. Before installing the expansion card, read the documentation that came with it and make the necessary hardware settings for the card.
- 2. Lay the system on its side on a flat, stable surface.
- 3. Push down the expansion card lock to unlock it from the chassis.



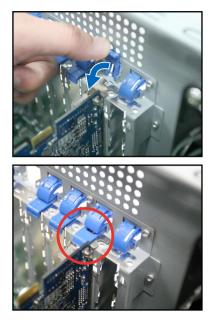
4. Lift up the expansion card lock as shown.



5. Remove the metal slot cover opposite the slot where you wish to install an expansion card.



- Align the card golden fingers with the slot, and then press firmly until the card is completely seated on the slot.
- 7. Restore the expansion card lock to its original position. A light click indicates that the card is locked in place.





Ensure that the total power consumption of your system does not exceed 300W.

2.7.2 Configuring an expansion card

After installing the expansion card, configure the it by adjusting the software settings.

- 1. Turn on the system and change the necessary BIOS settings, if any. See Chapter 5 for information on BIOS setup.
- 2. Assign an IRQ to the card. Refer to the following tables.
- 3. Install the software drivers for the expansion card.

IRQ	Priority	Standard function
0	1	System Timer
1	2	Keyboard Controller
2	-	Programmable Interrupt
3*	11	Communications Port (COM2)
4*	12	Communications Port (COM1)
5*	13	
6	14	Floppy Disk Controller
7*	15	
8	3	System CMOS/Real Time Clock
9*	4	ACPI Mode when used
10*	5	IRQ Holder for PCI Steering
11*	6	IRQ Holder for PCI Steering
12*	7	PS/2 Compatible Mouse Port
13	8	Numeric Data Processor
14*	9	Primary IDE Channel
15*	10	Secondary IDE Channel

Standard Interrupt assignments

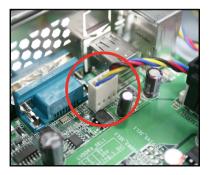
* These IRQs are usually available for ISA or PCI devices.

2.8 System fan

You may need to remove previously installed system fan when it got defective. This section tells how to remove the system fan.

To remove the system fan:

1. Unplug the system fan cable from the REAR_FAN1 connector on the motherboard.



2. Locate and remove four system fan screws at the rear panel. Keep the screws for late use.



Hold the system fan with one hand while removing the system fan screws.



3. Remove the system fan, and then set it aside.



Follow the previous instructions in reverse if you want to reinstall the system fan.

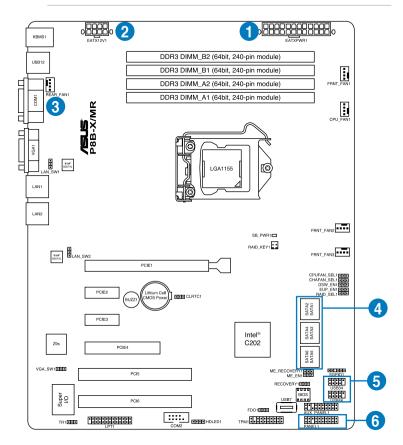


2.9 Cable connections

Ø

 The bundled system cables are pre-connected before shipment. You do not need to disconnect these cables unless you will remove pre-installed components to install additional devices.

· Refer to Chapter 3 for detailed information on the connectors.



Standard cables connected to the motherboard

- 1. 24-pin ATX power connector (from power supply to motherboard)
- 2. 8-pin ATX 12V power connector (from power supply to motherboard)
- 3. System fan connector (from system fan to motherboard)
- 4. SATA conectors (system default; from motherboard to SATA devices)
- 5. USB connector (from motherboard to front I/O board)
- 6. System panel connector (from motherboard to front I/O board)



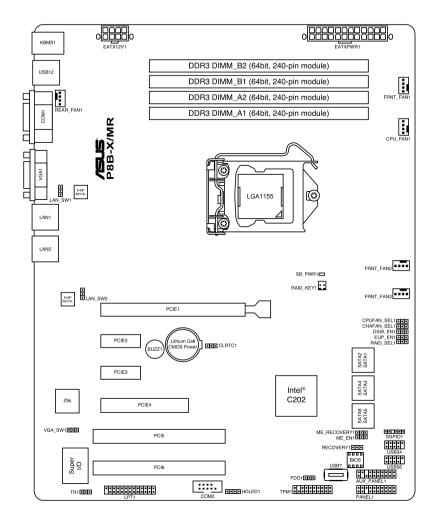


This chapter includes the motherboard layout and brief descriptions of the jumpers and internal connectors.



Info lotherboard

3.1 Motherboard layout



Layout contents

Jumpers		Page
1.	Clear RTC RAM (CLRTC1)	3-4
2.	VGA controller setting (3-pin VGA_SW1)	3-5
3.	CPU Fan and Chassis Fan control setting (3-pin CPUFAN_SEL1, CHAFAN_SEL1)	3-5
4.	LAN controller setting (3-pin LAN_SW1, LAN_SW2)	3-6
5.	Intel [®] C202 SATA port S/W RAID setting (3-pin RAID_SEL1)	3-6
6.	Force BIOS recovery setting (3-pin RECOVERY1)	3-7

Internal	connectors	Page
1.	Serial ATA connectors (7-pin SATA1, SATA2, SATA3, SATA4, SATA5, SATA6)	3-8
2.	Hard disk activity LED connector (4-pin HDLED1)	3-9
3.	USB connector (10-1 pin USB34, USB56; A-Type USB7)	3-10
4.	Thermal sensor cable connectors (3-pin TR1)	3-10
5.	CPU, front and rear fan connectors (4-pin CPU_FAN1, FRNT_FAN1, FRNT_FAN2, FRNT_FAN3, REAR_FAN1)	3-11
6.	Serial General Purpose Input/Output connector (6-1 pin SGPIO1)	3-12
7.	Serial port connectors (10-1 pin COM2)	3-12
8.	TPM connector (20-1-pin TPM)	3-13
9.	ATX power connectors (24-pin EATXPWR1, 8-pin EATX12V1)	3-14
10.	System panel connector (20-1 pin PANEL1)	3-15
11.	Auxiliary panel connector (20-2 pin AUX_PANEL1)	3-16

3.2 Jumpers

1. Clear RTC RAM (CLRTC1)

This jumper allows you to clear the Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM in CMOS. You can clear the CMOS memory of date, time, and system setup parameters by erasing the CMOS RTC RAM data. The onboard button cell battery powers the RAM data in CMOS, which include system setup information such as system passwords.

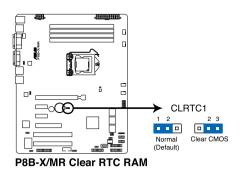
To erase the RTC RAM:

- 1. Turn OFF the computer and unplug the power cord.
- 2. Move the jumper cap from pins 1–2 (default) to pins 2–3. Keep the cap on pins 2–3 for about 5–10 seconds, then move the cap back to pins 1–2.
- 3. Plug the power cord and turn ON the computer.
- 4. Hold down the key during the boot process and enter BIOS setup to re-enter data.



Except when clearing the RTC RAM, never remove the cap on CLRTC jumper default position. Removing the cap will cause system boot failure!

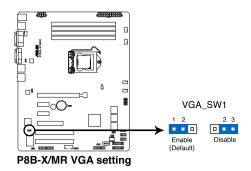
If the steps above do not help, remove the onboard battery and move the jumper again to clear the CMOS RTC RAM data. After the CMOS clearance, reinstall the battery.



Chapter 3: Motherboard information

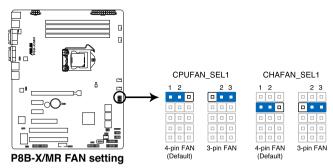
2. VGA controller setting (3-pin VGA_SW1)

This jumper allows you to enable or disable the onboard VGA controller. Set to pins 1–2 to activate the VGA feature.



3. CPU Fan and Chassis Fan control setting (3-pin CPUFAN_SEL1, CHAFAN_SEL1)

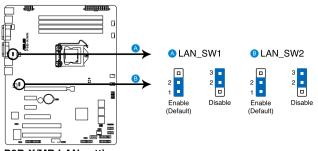
These jumpers allow you to switch for fan pin selection. The CPUFAN_SEL1 jumper is for the CPU fan control and the CHAFAN_SEL1 jumper is for the front fans and rear fans control. Set to pins 1–2 when using 4-pin fans or pins 2–3 when using 3-pin fans.



- If you use a 4-pin fan but set the jumper to pin 2-3, the fan you installed may not work.
- If you use a 3-pin fan but set the jumper for a 4-pin fan, the fan control will not work and the fan you installed will always run at full speed.

4. LAN controller setting (3-pin LAN_SW1, LAN_SW2)

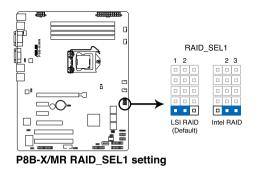
These jumpers allow you to enable or disable the onboard Intel[®] 82574L Gigabit LAN controllers. Set to pins 1-2 to activate the Gigabit LAN feature.



P8B-X/MR LAN setting

5. Intel[®] C202 SATA port S/W RAID setting (3-pin RAID_SEL1)

This jumper allows you to select the Serial ATA RAID configuration utility to use when you create disk arrays. Place the jumper caps on pins 1–2 if you want to use the LSI Logic Embedded SATA RAID Setup Utility (default); otherwise, place the jumper caps on pins 2–3 to use the Intel[®] Rapid Storage Techonology (IRST).

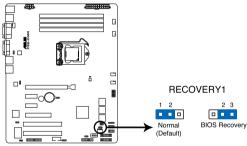


6. Force BIOS recovery setting (3-pin RECOVERY1)

This jumper allows you to quickly update or recover the BIOS settings when it becomes corrupted.

To update the BIOS:

- 1. Prepare a USB flash disk that contains the original or latest BIOS for the motherboard (XXXXXROM) and the BUPDATER.EXE utility.
- 2. Set the jumper to pins 2-3.
- 3. Insert the USB flash and turn on the system to update the BIOS.
- 4. Shut down the system.
- 5. Set the jumper back to pins 1–2.
- 6. Turn on the system.



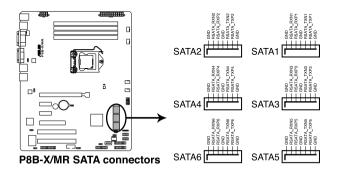
P8B-X/MR force BIOS recovery setting

3.3 Internal connectors

1. Serial ATA connectors (7-pin SATA1, SATA2, SATA3, SATA4, SATA5, SATA6)

Supported by the Intel® C202 chipset, these connectors are for the Serial ATA signal cables for Serial ATA hard disk drives that allows up to 3Gb/s of data transfer rate.

If you installed Serial ATA hard disk drives, you can create a RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10, or RAID 5 configuration.

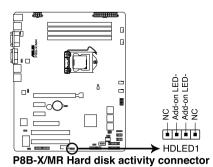




The actual data transfer rate depends on the speed of Serial ATA hard disks installed.

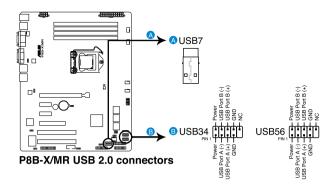
2. Hard disk activity LED connector (4-pin HDLED1)

This LED connector is for the storage add-on card cable connected to the SATA or SAS add-on card. The read or write activities of any device connected to the SATA or SAS add-on card causes the front panel LED to light up.



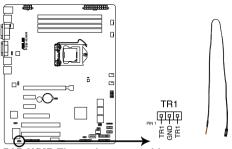
3. USB connector (10-1 pin USB34, USB56; A-Type USB7)

These connectors are for USB 2.0 ports. Connect the USB module cables to connectors USB34 and USB56, then install the modules to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis. These USB connectors comply with USB 2.0 specification that supports up to 480 Mbps connection speed.



4. Thermal sensor cable connectors (3-pin TR1)

This connector is for temperature monitoring. Connect the thermal sensor cable to this connector and place the other end to the device, which you want to monitor temperature.

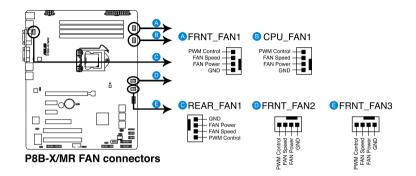


P8B-X/MR Thermal sensor cable connector

5. CPU, front and rear fan connectors (4-pin CPU_FAN1, FRNT_FAN1, FRNT_FAN2, FRNT_FAN3, REAR_FAN1)

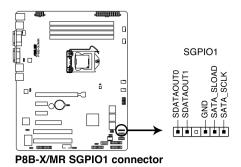
The fan connectors support cooling fans of 350 mA–740 mA (8.88 W max.) or a total of 3.15 A–6.66 A (53.28 W max.) at +12V. Connect the fan cables to the fan connectors on the motherboard, ensuring that the black wire of each cable matches the ground pin of the connector.

- DO NOT forget to connect the fan cables to the fan connectors. Insufficient air flow inside the system may damage the motherboard components.
- These are not jumpers! DO NOT place jumper caps on the fan connectors!
- All fans feature the ASUS Smart Fan technology.



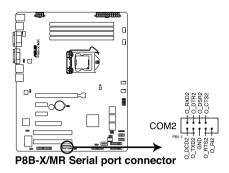
6. Serial General Purpose Input/Output connector (6-1 pin SGPIO1)

This connector is used for the SGPIO peripherals for the Intel Rapid Storage Technology RAID SATA LED.



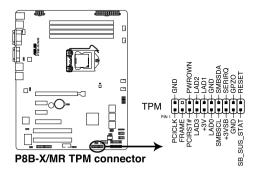
7. Serial port connectors (10-1 pin COM2)

This connector is for the serial (COM) port. Connect the serial port module cable to one of these connectors, then install the module to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis.



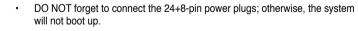
8. TPM connector (20-1 pin TPM)

This connector supports a Trusted Platform Module (TPM) system, which can securely store keys, digital certificates, passwords, and data. A TPM system also helps enhance network security, protects digital identities, and ensures platform integrity.

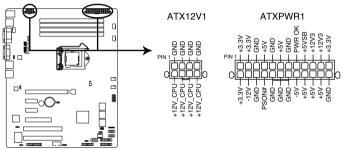


9. ATX power connectors (24-pin EATXPWR1, 8-pin EATX12V1)

These connectors are for an ATX power supply plugs. The power supply plugs are designed to fit these connectors in only one orientation. Find the proper orientation and push down firmly until the connectors completely fit.



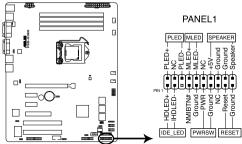
- Use of a PSU with a higher power output is recommended when configuring a system with more power-consuming devices. The system may become unstable or may not boot up if the power is inadequate.
- This motherboard supports ATX2.0 PSU or later version.
- Ensure that your power supply unit (PSU) can provide at least the minimum power required by your system.



P8B-X/MR 24+8 pin power connectors

10. System panel connector (20-pin PANEL1)

This connector supports several chassis-mounted functions.



P8B-X/MR System panel connector

1. System power LED (3-pin PLED)

This 3-pin connector is for the system power LED. Connect the chassis power LED cable to this connector. The system power LED lights up when you turn on the system power, and blinks when the system is in sleep mode.

2. Message LED (2-pin MLED)

This 2-pin connector is for the message LED cable that connects to the front message LED. The message LED is controlled by Hardware monitor to indicate an abnormal event occurance.

3. System warning speaker (4-pin SPEAKER)

This 4-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted system warning speaker. The speaker allows you to hear system beeps and warnings.

4. Hard disk drive activity LED (2-pin HDDLED)

This 2-pin connector is for the HDD Activity LED. Connect the HDD Activity LED cable to this connector. The IDE LED lights up or flashes when data is read from or written to the HDD.

5. Power button/soft-off button (2-pin PWRSW)

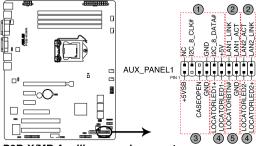
This connector is for the system power button. Pressing the power button turns the system on or puts the system in sleep or soft-off mode depending on the BIOS settings. Pressing the power switch for more than four seconds while the system is ON turns the system OFF.

6. Reset button (2-pin RESET)

This 2-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted reset button for system reboot without turning off the system power.

11. Auxiliary panel connector (20-pin AUX_PANEL1)

This connector is for additional front panel features including front panel SMB, locator LED and switch, chassis intrusion, and LAN LEDs.



P8B-X/MR Auxiliary panel connector

- 1. Front panel SMB (6-1 pin FPSMB) These leads connect the front panel SMBus cable.
- 2. LAN activity LED (2-pin LAN1_LED, LAN2_LED) These leads are for Gigabit LAN activity LEDs on the front panel.

3. Chassis intrusion (4-1 pin CHASSIS)

These leads are for the intrusion detection feature for chassis with intrusion sensor or microswitch. When you remove any chassis component, the sensor triggers and sends a high-level signal to these leads to record a chassis intrusion event. The default setting is short CASEOPEN and GND pin by jumper cap to disable the function.

- 4. Locator LED (2-pin LOCATORLED1 and 2-pin LOCATORLED2) These leads are for the locator LED1 and LED2 on the front panel. Connect the Locator LED cables to these 2-pin connector. The LEDs will light up when the Locator button is pressed.
- 5. Locator Button/Swich (2-pin LOCATORBTN) These leads are for the locator button on the front panel. This button queries the state of the system locator.

Chapter 4

This chapter tells how to change the system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.



BIOS setup

4.1 Managing and updating your BIOS

The following utilities allow you to manage and update the motherboard Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) setup:

- 1. **ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3** (To recover the BIOS using a bootable USB flash disk drive when the BIOS file fails or gets corrupted.)
- 2. ASUS EZ Flash 2 (Updates the BIOS using a USB flash disk.)
- 3. **BUPDATER utility** (Updates the BIOS in DOS mode using a bootable USB flash disk drive.)

Refer to the corresponding sections for details on these utilities.



Save a copy of the original motherboard BIOS file to a bootable USB flash disk drive in case you need to restore the BIOS in the future. Copy the original motherboard BIOS using the BUPDATER utility.

4.1.1 ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 utility

The ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 is an auto recovery tool that allows you to restore the BIOS file when it fails or gets corrupted during the updating process. You can update a corrupted BIOS file using a USB flash drive that contains the updated BIOS file.



Prepare a USB flash drive containing the updated motherboard BIOS before using this utility.

Recovering the BIOS from a USB flash drive

To recover the BIOS from a USB flash drive:

- 1. Insert the USB flash drive with the original or updated BIOS file to one USB port on the system.
- 2. The utility will automatically recover the BIOS. It resets the system when the BIOS recovery finished.



DO NOT shut down or reset the system while recovering the BIOS! Doing so would cause system boot failure!



The recovered BIOS may not be the latest BIOS version for this motherboard. Visit the ASUS website at www.asus.com to download the latest BIOS file.

4.1.2 ASUS EZ Flash Utility

The ASUS EZ Flash Utility feature allows you to update the BIOS without having to use a DOS-based utility.



Before you start using this utility, download the latest BIOS from the ASUS website at www.asus.com.

To update the BIOS using EZ Flash Utility

- 1. Insert the USB flash disk that contains the latest BIOS file to the USB port.
- 2. Enter the BIOS setup program. Go to the **Tool** menu to select **ASUS EZ Flash Utility** and press <Enter> to enable it.

				🕻 Exit
ASUSTek EZ Flash BIOS ROM Utility	/00.75			
Flash Info MODEL: P8B-X	VER: 0	9303	DATE: 02/17/2011	
✤ fs0:\				
Drive	Folder Info			
f90% fs1A	12/09/10 10.23p	4194304 P8B-X.F	юм	
File Infor				
MODEL:			DATE:	
Help Info				
[Enter] Select or Load	[Tab] Switch [Up/Down/P	PageUp/PageDown/Home/End] N	Nove [Esc] Exit [F2] Bac	:kup
18				

- 3. Press <Tab> to switch to the **Drive** field.
- 4. Press the Up/Down arrow keys to find the USB flash disk that contains the latest BIOS, and then press <Enter>.
- 5. Press <Tab> to switch to the Folder Info field.
- Press the Up/Down arrow keys to find the BIOS file, and then press <Enter> to perform the BIOS update process. Reboot the system when the update process is done.



- This function can support devices such as a USB flash disk with FAT 32/16 format and single partition only.
- DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!



Ensure to load the BIOS default settings to ensure system compatibility and stability. Press <F5> and select **Yes** to load the BIOS default settings.

4.1.3 BUPDATER utility



The succeeding BIOS screens are for reference only. The actual BIOS screen displays may not be the same as shown.

The BUPDATER utility allows you to update the BIOS file in DOS environment using a bootable USB flash disk drive with the updated BIOS file.

Updating the BIOS file

To update the BIOS file using the BUPDATER utility:

- 1. Visit the ASUS website at www.asus.com and download the latest BIOS file for the motherboard. Save the BIOS file to a bootable USB flash disk drive.
- Copy the BUPDATER utility (BUPDATER.exe) from the ASUS support website at support.asus.com to the bootable USB flash disk drive you created earlier.
- 3. Boot the system in DOS mode, then at the prompt, type:

BUPDATER /i[filename].ROM

where [filename] is the latest or the original BIOS file on the bootable USB flash disk drive, then press <Enter>.

A:\>BUPDATER /i[file name].ROM

4. The utility verifies the file, then starts updating the BIOS file.





DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!

5. The utility returns to the DOS prompt after the BIOS update process is completed. Reboot the system from the hard disk drive.



4.2 BIOS setup program

This motherboard supports a programmable firmware chip that you can update using the provided utility described in section **4.1 Managing and updating your BIOS**.

Use the BIOS Setup program when you are installing a motherboard, reconfiguring your system, or prompted to "Run Setup." This section explains how to configure your system using this utility.

Even if you are not prompted to use the Setup program, you can change the configuration of your computer in the future. For example, you can enable the security password feature or change the power management settings. This requires you to reconfigure your system using the BIOS Setup program so that the computer can recognize these changes and record them in the CMOS RAM of the firmware chip.

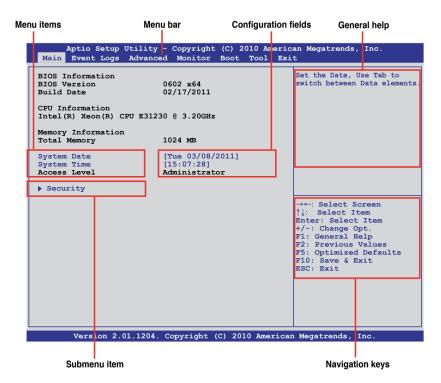
The firmware chip on the motherboard stores the Setup utility. When you start up the computer, the system provides you with the opportunity to run this program. Press during the Power-On Self-Test (POST) to enter the Setup utility; otherwise, POST continues with its test routines.

If you wish to enter Setup after POST, restart the system by pressing <Ctrl+Alt+Delete>, or by pressing the reset button on the system chassis. You can also restart by turning the system off and then back on. Do this last option only if the first two failed.

The Setup program is designed to make it as easy to use as possible. Being a menu-driven program, it lets you scroll through the various sub-menus and make your selections from the available options using the navigation keys.

- The default BIOS settings for this motherboard apply for most conditions to ensure optimum performance. If the system becomes unstable after changing any BIOS settings, load the default settings to ensure system compatibility and stability. Press <F5> and select **Yes** to load the BIOS default settings.
- The BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference purposes only, and may not exactly match what you see on your screen.
- Visit the ASUS website (www.asus.com) to download the latest BIOS file for this motherboard.

4.2.1 BIOS menu screen



4.2.2 Menu bar

The menu bar on top of the screen has the following main items:

Main	For changing the basic system configuration
Event Logs	For changing the event log settings
Advanced	For changing the advanced system settings
Monitor	For displaying the system temperature, power status, and changing the fan settings
Boot	For changing the system boot configuration
Tool	For configuring options for special functions
Exit	For selecting the exit options

To select an item on the menu bar, press the right or left arrow key on the keyboard until the desired item is highlighted.

4.2.3 Menu items

The highlighted item on the menu bar displays the specific items for that menu. For example, selecting **Main** shows the Main menu items.

The other items (Event Logs, Advanced, Monitor, Boot, Tool, and Exit) on the menu bar have their respective menu items.

4.2.4 Submenu items

A solid triangle before each item on any menu screen means that the item has a submenu. To display the submenu, select the item and press <Enter>.

4.2.5 Navigation keys

At the bottom right corner of a menu screen are the navigation keys for the BIOS setup program. Use the navigation keys to select items in the menu and change the settings.

4.2.6 General help

At the top right corner of the menu screen is a brief description of the selected item.

4.2.7 Configuration fields

These fields show the values for the menu items. If an item is user-configurable, you can change the value of the field opposite the item. You cannot select an item that is not user-configurable.

A configurable field is enclosed in brackets, and is highlighted when selected. To change the value of a field, select it and press <Enter> to display a list of options.

4.2.8 Pop-up window

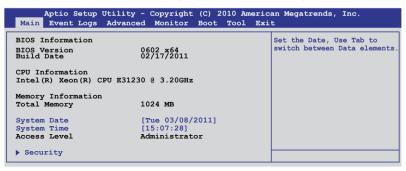
Select a menu item and press <Enter> to display a pop-up window with the configuration options for that item.

4.2.9 Scroll bar

A scroll bar appears on the right side of a menu screen when there are items that do not fit on the screen. Press the Up/Down arrow keys or <Page Up> /<Page Down> keys to display the other items on the screen.

4.3 Main menu

When you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main menu screen appears. The Main menu provides you an overview of the basic system information, and allows you to set the system date, time, language, and security settings.



4.3.1 System Date [Day xx/xx/xxxx]

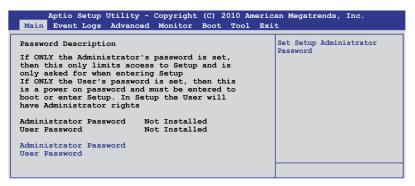
Allows you to set the system date.

4.3.2 System Time [xx:xx:xx]

Allows you to set the system time.

4.3.3 Security

The Security menu items allow you to change the system security settings.





- If you have forgotten your BIOS password, erase the CMOS Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM to clear the BIOS password. See section 2.6 Jumpers for information on how to erase the RTC RAM.
- The Administrator or User Password items on top of the screen show the default Not Installed. After you set a password, these items show Installed.

Administrator Password

If you have set an administrator password, we recommend that you enter the administrator password for accessing the system. Otherwise, you might be able to see or change only selected fields in the BIOS setup program.

To set an administrator password:

- 1. Select the Administrator Password item and press <Enter>.
- 2. From the Create New Password box, key in a password, then press < Enter>.
- 3. Confirm the password when prompted.

To change an administrator password:

- 1. Select the Administrator Password item and press <Enter>.
- 2. From the Enter Current Password box, key in the current password, then press <Enter>.
- 3. From the **Create New Password** box, key in a new password, then press <Enter>.
- 4. Confirm the password when prompted.

To clear the administrator password, follow the same steps as in changing an administrator password, but press <Enter> when prompted to create/confirm the password. After you clear the password, the **Administrator Password** item on top of the screen shows **Not Installed**.

User Password

If you have set a user password, you must enter the user password for accessing the system. The **User Password** item on top of the screen shows the default **Not Installed**. After you set a password, this item shows **Installed**.

To set a user password:

- 1. Select the User Password item and press <Enter>.
- 2. From the **Create New Password** box, key in a password, then press <Enter>.
- 3. Confirm the password when prompted.

To change a user password:

- 1. Select the User Password item and press <Enter>.
- 2. From the Enter Current Password box, key in the current password, then press <Enter>.
- 3. From the **Create New Password** box, key in a new password, then press <Enter>.
- 4. Confirm the password when prompted.

To clear the user password, follow the same steps as in changing a user password, but press <Enter> when prompted to create/confirm the password. After you clear the password, the **User Password** item on top of the screen shows **Not Installed**.

4.4 Event Logs menu

The Event Logs menu items allow you to change the event log settings and view the system event logs.

Mai	Aptio Setup n Event Logs	-			can Megatrends, it	Inc.
	ange Smbios Ev		ttings		Press <enter> to Smbios Event Log</enter>	
L VI	ew Smbios Ever.	nt Log				

Change Smbios Event Log Settings

	- Copyright (C) 2010 Ameri ed Monitor Boot Tool Ex	
Enabling/Disabling Option		Change this to enable or
Smbios Event Log	[Enabled]	disable all features of Smbios Event Logging during boot.
Erasing Settings		
Erase Event Log	[No]	
	[Do Nothing]	
Smbios Event Log Standard	Settings	
MECI	1	
METW	60	
Custom Options		
Log OEM Codes	[Enabled]	
Convert OEM Codes	[Disabled]	
NOTE: All values changed intil computer is r		

Smbios Event Log [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable all features of Smbios event logging. Configuration option: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Erase Event Log [No]

Allows you to select the options for erasing Smbios event log. Configuration options: [No] [Yes, Next reset] [Yes, Every reset]

When Log is Full [Do Nothing]

Allows you to select the options for reaction when the event logs are full. Configuration options: [Do Nothing] [Erase Immediately]

MECI [xx]

Allows you to adjust value for the MECI (Multiple Event Count Increment), which is the number of occurrences of a duplicate event that must pass before the multiple-event counter associated with log entry is updated. Use the <+> and <-> keys to adjust the value. The values range from 1 to 255.

METW [xx]

Allows you to adjust value for the METW (Multiple Event Time Window), which is the number of minutes that must pass between duplicate log entries which utilize a multiple-event counter. Use the <+> and <-> keys to adjust the value. The values range from 0 to 99.

Log OEM Codes [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the logging of EFI status codes as OEM codes. Configuration option: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Convert OEM Codes [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the converting of EFI status codes to standard Smbios types. Configuration option: [Disabled] [Enabled]

View Smbios Event Log

Press <Enter> to view the Smbios event logs.

4.5 Advanced menu

The Advanced menu items allow you to change the settings for the CPU and other system devices.



Take caution when changing the settings of the Advanced menu items. Incorrect field values can cause the system to malfunction.

<pre>> ACPI Settings System ACPI Parameters > Trusted Computing > WHEA Configuration > CPU Configuration > North Bridge > South Bridge > SATA Configuration > Intel TXT(LT) Configuration > USB Configuration</pre>				Copyright (C Monitor Bo	merican Megatrer Exit	nds, Inc.
<pre>> Onboard Devices Configuration > APM > Serial Port Console Redirection</pre>	 Trust WHEA CPU C North South SATA Intel USB C Onboa APM 	ted Computir Configuratic Configuratic h Bridge Configuratic 1 TXT(LT) Cc Configuration ard Devices	on onfiguration Configuratio		System ACPI	Parameters

4.5.1 ACPI Settings

Aptio Setup Utility - Co Advanced	opyright (C) 2010 Americ	an Megatrends, Inc.
Enable ACPI Auto Configuration	[Disabled]	Enables or Disables BIOS ACPI
ACPI Sleep State	[S3 (Suspend to RAM)]	Auto Configuration.

Enable ACPI Auto Configuration [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable ACPI Auto Configuration. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

ACPI Sleep State [S3 (Suspend to RAM)]

Allows you to set the ACPI Sleep State. Configuration options: [Suspend Disabled] [S1 (CPU Stop Clock)] [S3 (Suspend to RAM)]

4.5.2 Trusted Computing

Aptio Setup	Utility - Copyright (C) 2010 Am Advanced	merican Megatrends, Inc.
TPM Configuration TPM SUPPORT	[Disabled]	Enables or Disables TPM support. O.S. will not show TPM. Reset of platform is
Current TPM Status Information NO TPM Hardware		required.

TPM SUPPORT [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the TPM support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

4.5.3 WHEA Configuration

Aptio Se	tup Utility - Copyright Advanced	(C) 2010 Americ	an Megatrends, Inc.
WHEA Support	[Enabled]		Enable or disable Windows Hardware Error Architecture.

WHEA Support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Windows Hardware Error Architecture support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

4.5.4 CPU Configuration

The items in this menu show the CPU-related information that the BIOS automatically detects. Some items may not appear if your CPU does not support the related functions.

CPU Configuration		▲ Includes TM1, TM2 and EMTTM
Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E31230 @ 3.20GHz		
EM64	Supported	
Processor Speed	3200 MHz	
Processor Stepping	206a7	
Microcode Revision	d	
L1 CACHE	256 KB	
L2 CACHE	1024 KB	
L3 CACHE	8192 KB	
Processor Cores	4	
Intel HT Technology	Supported	
CPU Current Ratio	32	
		→←: Select Screen
Intel Adaptive Thermal Monitor	[Enabled]	↑↓: Select Item
Hyper-threading	[Enabled]	Enter: Select Item
Active Processor Cores	[A11]	+/-: Change Opt.
Limit CPUID Maximum	[Disabled]	F1: General Help
Execute Disable Bit Intel Virtualization Technology	[Enabled] [Enabled]	F2: Previous Values
Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technolog	[Enabled]	F5: Optimized Defaults F10: Save & Exit
Turbo Mode	[Enabled]	ESC: Exit
CPU C1E	[Enabled]	ESC: EXIT
CPU C3 Report	[Enabled]	
CPU C6 Report	[Enabled]	₹
Package C State limit	[No Limit]	

Intel Adaptive Thermal Monitor [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the CPU thermal monitor function. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Hyper-threading [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Intel Hyper-Threading Technology function. When disabled, only one thread per activated core is enabled. Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

Active Processor Cores [All]

Allows you to choose the number of CPU cores to activate in each processor package. Configuration options: [All] [1] [2] [3]

Limit CPUID Maximum [Disabled]

Setting this item to [Enabled] allows legacy operating systems to boot even without support for CPUs with extended CPUID functions. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Execute Disable Bit [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the No-Execution Page Protection Technology. Setting this item to [Disabled] forces the XD feature flag to always return to zero (0). Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Intel Virtualization Tech [Enabled]

The Intel[®] Virtualization Technology allows a hardware platform to run multiple operating systems separately and simultaneously, enabling one system to virtually function as several systems. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Enhanced Intel[®] SpeedStep Technology (EIST). Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Turbo Mode [Enabled]

This item appears only when you set the **Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology** item to [Enabled] and allows you to enable or disable the Intel[®] Turbo Mode Technology. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

CPU C1E [Enabled]

[Enabled] Enables the C1E support function. This item should be enabled in order to enable the Enhanced Halt State.

[Disabled] Disables this function.

CPU C3 Report [Enabled]

Allows you to disable or enable the CPU C3 report to OS.

CPU C6 Report [Enabled]

Allows you to disable or enable the CPU C6 report to OS.

Package C State limit [No Limit]

Allows you to set the Package C state limit. Configuration options: [C0] [C1] [C6] [No Limit]

4.5.5 North Bridge

The North Bridge is built in the CPU.

```
Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2010 American Megatrends, Inc.
                      Advanced
                                                               Low MMIO resources align at
Memory Information
                                                               64MB/1024MB
TOTAL Memory
                              1024 MB
DIMM A1
                             0 MB (DDR3 1333)
1024 MB (DDR3 1333)
DIMM A2
                               0 MB (DDR3 1333)
0 MB (DDR3 1333)
DIMM B1
DTMM B2
Low MMIO Align
DMI Gen2
                              [64M]
                              [Enabled]
                              [Disabled]
we-d
Initate Graphic Adapter [PEG/PCI]
```

Low MMIO Align [64M]

Allows you to select the options for the Low MMIO Align. Configuration options: [64M] [1024M]

DMI Gen2 [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the DMI Gen2. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

VT-d [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the VT-d. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Initiate Graphic Adapter [PEG/PCI]

Allows you to decide which graphics controller to use as the primary boot device. Configuration options: [PCI/PEG] [PEG/PCI]

4.5.6 South Bridge



High Precision Timer [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the High Precision Event Timer. Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

4.5.7 SATA Configuration

While entering Setup, the BIOS automatically detects the presence of SATA devices. The SATA Port items show **Not Present** if no SATA device is installed to the corresponding SATA port.

Aptio Setup Utility Advance		10 America	an Megatrends, Inc.
SATA Configuration SATA Mode Serial-ATA Controller 0 Serial-ATA Controller 1 S.M.A.R.T. Status Check	[IDE Mode] [Enhanced] [Enhanced] [Enabled]		 IDE Mode. (2) AHCI Mode. RAID Mode.
SATA Port1	ST3160812AS	(160.0GB)	
SATA Port2	ST3160812AS	(160.0GB)	
SATA Port3	ASUS CB-521	ATAPI	
SATA Port4	Not Present		
SATA Port5	Not Present		
SATA Port6	Not Present		

SATA Mode [IDE Mode]

Allows you to set the SATA configuration. Configuration options: [Disabled] [IDE Mode] [AHCI Mode] [RAID Mode]

- If you want to use the Serial ATA hard disk drives as Parallel ATA physical storage devices, keep the default setting [IDE Mode].
 - If you want the Serial ATA hard disk drives to use the Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI), set this item to [AHCI Mode]. The AHCI allows the onboard storage driver to enable advanced Serial ATA features that increases storage performance on random workloads by allowing the drive to internally optimize the order of commands.
 - If you want to create RAID sets with LSI MegaRAID utility, or Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology from the Serial ATA hard disk drives, set this item to [RAID Mode].

Serial-ATA Controller 0 [Enhanced]

This item appears only when you set the **SATA Mode** item to [IDE Mode]. Set to [Enhanced] to support four SATA 3.0 Gb/s devices. Set to [Compatible] when using Windows 98/NT/2000/MS-DOS. Up to four SATA devices are supported under these operating systems.

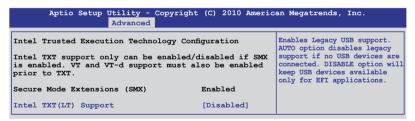
Serial-ATA Controller 1 [Enhanced]

This item appears only when you set the **SATA Mode** item to [IDE Mode]. Set to [Enhanced] to support two SATA 3.0 Gb/s devices.

S.M.A.R.T. Status Check [Enabled]

S.M.A.R.T. (Self-Monitoring, Analysis and Reporting Technology) is a monitor system. When read/write of your hard disk errors occur, this feature allows the hard disk to report warning messages during the POST. Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

4.5.8 Intel TXT(LT) Configuration



Intel TXT(LT) Support [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Intel Trusted Execution Technology (TXT) feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The **Intel TXT(LT) Support** item requires a Trusted Platform Module (TPM) to be installed on the motherboard to enable.

4.5.9 USB Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2010 Amer Advanced	ican Megatrends, Inc.
USB Configuration USB Devices 1 Mouse, 3 Hubs	Enables Legacy USB support. AUTO option disables legacy support if no USB devices are connected. DISABLE option will
Legacy USB Support [Enabled] EHCI Hand-off [Disabled]	keep USB devices available only for EFI applications.
USB hardware delays and time-out: USB transfer time-out [20 sec] Device reset time-out [20 sec] Device power-up delay [Auto]	



The **USB Devices** item shows the auto-detected values. If no USB device is detected, the item shows **None**.

Legacy USB Support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable support for legacy USB devices. Setting to [Auto] allows the system to detect the presence of USB devices at startup. If detected, the USB controller legacy mode is enabled. If no USB device is detected, the legacy USB support is disabled. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto]

EHCI Hand-off [Disabled]

Enables or disables the BIOS EHCI hand-off support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

USB transfer time-out [20 sec]

Allows you to select the USB transfer time-out value. Configuration options: [1 sec] [5 sec] [10 sec] [20 sec]

Device reset time-out [20 sec]

Allows you to select the USB device reset time-out value. Configuration options: [10 sec] [20 sec] [30 sec] [40 sec]

Device power-up delay [Auto]

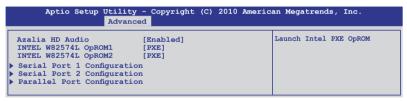
Configuration options: [Auto] [Manual]

Device power-up delay in seconds [XX]

This item appears only when you set the **Device power-up delay** item to [Manual]. Use the <+> and <-> keys to adjust the value. The values range from 1 to 40 with a one-second interval.

4.5.10 Onboard Devices Configuration

The Onboard Devices Configuration menu items allow you to change the advanced settings for onboard devices.



Azalia HD Audio [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Azalia HD audio.

INTEL W82574L OpROM1/OpROM2 [PXE]

Allows you to select the options for the OptionRom of the Intel LAN controllers. Configuration options: [Disabled] [PXE] [iSCSI]

Serial Port 1/2 Configuration

The sub-items in this menu allow you to set the serial port 1/2 configuration.

<u>Serial Port [Enabled]</u> Allows you to enable or disable the serial port (COM). Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

Change Settings [Auto]

Allows you to select the serial port base address. Configuration options: [Auto] [IO=3F8h; IRQ=4] [IO=3F8h: IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12] [IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12] [IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12] [IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12]

Parallel Port Configuration

The sub-items in this menu allow you to set the parallel port configuration.

Parallel Port [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the parallel port (LPT/LPTE). Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

Change Settings [Auto]

Allows you to select an optimal setting for the super IO device. Configuration options: [Auto] [IO=378h; IRQ=5] [IO=378h: IRQ=5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12] [IO=278h; IRQ=5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12] [IO=3BCh; IRQ=5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12]

Device Mode [STD Printer Mode]

Allows you to select the printer port mode. Configuration options: [STD Printer mode] [SPP Mode] [EPP-1.9 and SPP Mode] [EPP-1.7 and SPP Mode] [ECP Mode] [ECP and EPP 1.9 Mode] [ECP and EPP 1.7 Mode]

4.5.11 APM

Aptio	Setup	Utility Advance		(C) 2010 Amer	ican Megatrends, Inc.
Restrore AC EuP Ready Power On By Power On By Power On By Power On By	PCI PCIE Ring	Loss	[Power Off] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled]		Specify what state to go to when power is re-applied afte: a power failure (G3 state).

Restore AC Power Loss [Power Off]

When set to [Power Off], the system goes into off state after an AC power loss. When set to [Power On], the system will reboot after an AC power loss. When set to [Last State], the system goes into either off or on state, whatever the system state was before the AC power loss.

Configuration options: [Power Off] [Power On] [Last State]

EuP Ready [Disabled]

When set to [Enabled], all other PME options will be switched off. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



This item is available on selected models.

Power On By PCI [Disabled]

[Disabled] Disables the PME to wake up from S5 by PCI devices.

[Enabled] Allows you to turn on the system through a PCI LAN or modem card. This feature requires an ATX power supply that provides at least 1A on the +5VSB lead.

Power On By PCIE [Disabled]

- [Disabled] Disables the PCIE devices to generate a wake event.
- [Enabled] Enables the PCIE devices to generate a wake event.

Power On By Ring [Disabled]

- [Disabled] Disables Ring to generate a wake event.
- [Enabled] Enables Ring to generate a wake event.

Power On By RTC [Disabled]

- [Disabled] Disables RTC to generate a wake event.
- [Enabled] When set to [Enabled], the items **RTC Alarm Date (Days)** and **Hour/Minute/Second** will become user-configurable with set values.

4.5.12 Serial Port Console Redirection

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright Advanced	. (C) 2010 American Megatrends, Inc.
Redirection After BIOS POST	[Disabled]
COM1 Console Redirection Console Redirection Settings	[Enabled]
COM2 Console Redirection Console Redirection Settings	[Disabled]

Redirection After BIOS POST [Disabled]

Enables or disables the redirection after BIOS POST feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

COM1

Console Redirection [Enabled]

Enables or disables the console redirection feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Console Redirection Settings

This item becomes configurable only when you enable the **Console Redirection** item. The settings specify how the host computer and the remote computer (which the user is using) will exchange data. Both computers should have the same or compatible settings.

Terminal Type [VT-UTF8]

Allows you to set the terminal type.

[VT100] ASCII char set.

[VT100+] Extends VT100 to support color, function keys, et.

[VT-UTF8] Uses UTF8 encoding to map Unicode chars onto 1 or more bytes

[ANSI] Extended ASCII char set

Bits per second [57600]

Selects serial port transmission speed. The speed must be matched on the other side. Long or noisy lines may require lower speeds. Configuration options: [9600] [19200] [38400] [57600] [115200]

Data Bits [8] Configuration options: [7] [8]

Parity [None]

A parity bit can be sent with the data bits to detect some transmission errors. [Mark] and [Space] parity do not allow for error detection.

[Even] parity bit is 0 if the num of 1's in the data bits is even

[Odd] parity bit is 0 if num of 1's in the data bits is odd

[Mark] parity bit is always 1

[Space] parity bit is always 0

Stop Bits [1]

Stop bits indicate the end of a serial data packet. (A start bit indicates the beginning.) The standard setting is 1 stop bit. Communication with slow devices may require more than 1 stop bit. Configuration options: [1] [2]

Flow Control [Hardware RTS/CTS]

Flow control can prevent data loss from buffer overflow. When sending data, if the receiving buffers are full, a **stop** signal can be sent to stop the data flow. Once the buffers are empty, a **start** signal can be sent to re-start the flow. Hardware flow control uses two wires to send start/stop signals. Configuration options: [None] [Hardware RTS/CTS]

Recorder Mode [Disabled]

With this mode enabled only text will be sent. This is to capture Terminal data. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Legacy OS Redirction Resolution [80x24]

Configures the number of rows and columns supported on legacy OS. Configuration options: [80x24] [80x25]

COM2

Console Redirection [Disabled]

Enables or disables the console redirection feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Console Redirection Settings

Please refer to the description of the **Console Redirection Settings** item under COM1 for details.

4.6 Monitor menu

The Monitor menu displays the system temperature/power status, and allows you to change the fan settings.

	y - Copyright (C) 2010 American Megatrends, Inc. ced Monitor Boot Tool Exit
CPU Temperature (PECI)	
MB Temperature	[+35°C/ +94°F]
TR1 Temperature	[N/A]
CPU FAN1 Speed	[1305 RPM]
FRNT FAN1 Speed	[N/A]
FRNT FAN2 Speed	[N/A]
FRNT FAN3 Speed	[N/A]
REAR FAN1 Speed	[N/A]
FAN Speed Control	[Generic Mode]
VCORE1	[+1.200 V]
+3.3V	[+3.360 V]
+5V	[+5.160 V]
+12V	[+12.384 V]
VBAT	[+3.408 V]
+3VSB	[+3.422 V]
+1.5V	[+1.496 V]

CPU/MB/TR1 Temperature [xxx°C/xxx°F]

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the CPU and motherboard component temperatures. Select **Ignore** if you do not wish to display the detected temperatures.

CPU FAN1 Speed; FRNT FAN1–3 Speed; REAR FAN1 Speed [xxxx RPM] or [Ignore] / [N/A]

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the speed of CPU fans, front fans, and rear fan in rotations per minute (RPM). If the fan is not connected to the motherboard, the field shows **N/A**.

Fan Speed Control [Generic Mode]

Allows you to configure the ASUS Smart Fan feature that smartly adjusts the fan speeds for more efficient system operation.

Configuration options: [Full Speed Mode] [High Density Mode] [Generic Mode] [Whisper Mode]

VCORE1 Voltage, 3.3V Voltage, +5V Voltage, +12V Voltage, VBAT Voltage, +3VSB Voltage, +1.5V ICHVoltage

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects the voltage output through the onboard voltage regulators. Select **Ignore** if you do not want to detect this item.

4.7 Boot menu

The Boot menu items allow you to change the system boot options.

	y - Copyright (C) 2010 Americ ced Monitor <mark>Boot</mark> Tool Exi	
Setup Prompt Timeout Bootup NumLock State Full Screen Logo Option ROM Messages Interrupt 19 Capture EFI Boot Boot Device Seeking Boot Option #1 Boot Option #2 Boot Option #3]	[Enabled] [Disabled]	Number of seconds to wait for setup activation key. 65535(0xFFF) means indefinite waiting.
Boot Override IBA GE Slot 0200 v1324 IBA GE Slot 0400 v1324 SATA: ASUS DRW-24B3ST SATA: Hitach HDT721025SL Network Device BBS Prior CD/DVD ROM Drive BBS Prior Hard Drive BBS Priorities	ities prities	→ ←: Select Screen : Select Item Enter: Select Item +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F5: Optimized Defaults F10: Save & Exit ESC: Exit

Setup Prompt Timeout [xx]

Use the <+> and <-> keys to adjust the number of seconds to wait for setup activation key.

Bootup NumLock State [On]

Allows you to select the power-on state for the NumLock. Configuration options: [Off] [On]

Full Screen Logo [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the full screen logo display feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



Set this item to [Enabled] to use the ASUS MyLogo2[™] feature.

Option ROM Messages [Force BIOS]

Allows you to set the display mode for Options ROM. Configuration options: [Force BIOS] [Keep Current]

Interrupt 19 Capture [Enabled]

Allows Option ROMs to trap interrupt 19. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

EFI Boot [Disabled]

Enables or disables EFI Boot. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Boot Device Seeking [Endless PXE]

[Endless PXE] Continuous seek remote boot image until boot image found or user abort (press Ctrl+Alt+Del).

[Normal] Seek remote boot image once then stop.

Boot Option Priorities

These items specify the boot device priority sequence from the available devices. The number of device items that appears on the screen depends on the number of devices installed in the system.



- To select the boot device during system startup, press <F8> when ASUS Logo appears.
- To access Windows OS in Safe Mode, do any of the following:
 - Press <F5> when ASUS Logo appears.
 - Press <F8> after POST.

Boot Override

These items displays the available devices. The number of device items that appears on the screen depends on the number of devices installed in the system. Click an item to start booting from the selected device.

Network Device BBS Priorities

Set the booting order of network devices.

Boot Option #1/#2 [IBA GE Slot 0200 v1324] Configuration options: [IBA GE Slot 0200 v1324] [IBA GE Slot 0300 v1324] [Disabled]

CD/DVD ROM Drive BBS Priorities

Set the booting order of CD/DVD ROM Drive.

Boot Option #1 [SATA: XXXXXXXX] Configuration options: [SATA: XXXXXXXX] [Disabled]

Hard Drive BBS Priorities

Set the booting order of hard disk drive.

<u>Boot Option #1 [SATA: XXXXXXXX]</u> Configuration options: [SATA: XXXXXXXX] [Disabled]

4.8 Tool menu

The Tool menu items allow you to configure options for special functions. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the submenu.



ASUS EZ Flash Utility

Allows you to run ASUS EZ Flash 2. When you press <Enter>. Check section 4.1.2 ASUS EZ Flash 2 utility for details.

4.9 Exit menu

The Exit menu items allow you to save or discard your changes to the BIOS items.



Pressing <Esc> does not immediately exit this menu. Select one of the options from this menu or <F10> from the legend bar to exit.

Save Changes & Reset

Once you are finished making your selections, choose this option from the Exit menu to ensure the values you selected are saved. When you select this option or if you press <F10>, a confirmation window appears. Select **Yes** to save changes and exit.

Discard Changes & Exit

This option allows you to exit the Setup program without saving your changes. When you select this option or if you press <Esc>, a confirmation window appears. Select **Yes** to discard changes and exit.

Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device

This option allows you to attempt to launch the EFI Shell application (shellx64.efi) from one of the available filesystem devices.



This chapter provides instructions for setting up, creating and configuring RAID sets using the available utilities.



configuration RAID

ASUS TS100-E7/PI4

5.1 Setting up RAID

The motherboard comes with the Intel[®] C202 southbridge controller that supports the following SATA RAID solutions:

- LSI MegaRAID software RAID Configuration Utility (default) with RAID 0, RAID 1, and RAID 10 support (for both Linux and Windows OS).
- Intel Rapid Storage Manager with RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10, and RAID 5 support (for Windows OS only).

5.1.1 RAID definitions

RAID 0 (*Data striping*) optimizes two identical hard disk drives to read and write data in parallel, interleaved stacks. Two hard disks perform the same work as a single drive but at a sustained data transfer rate, double that of a single disk alone, thus improving data access and storage. Use of two new identical hard disk drives is required for this setup.

RAID 1 (*Data mirroring*) copies and maintains an identical image of data from one drive to a second drive. If one drive fails, the disk array management software directs all applications to the surviving drive as it contains a complete copy of the data in the other drive. This RAID configuration provides data protection and increases fault tolerance to the entire system. Use two new drives or use an existing drive and a new drive for this setup. The new drive must be of the same size or larger than the existing drive.

RAID 10 is data striping and data mirroring combined without parity (redundancy data) having to be calculated and written. With the RAID 10 configuration you get all the benefits of both RAID 0 and RAID 1 configurations. Use four new hard disk drives or use an existing drive and three new drives for this setup.

RAID 5 stripes both data and parity information across three or more hard disk drives. Among the advantages of RAID 5 configuration include better HDD performance, fault tolerance, and higher storage capacity. The RAID 5 configuration is best suited for transaction processing, relational database applications, enterprise resource planning, and other business systems. Use a minimum of three identical hard disk drives for this setup.

5.1.2 Installing hard disk drives

The motherboard supports SATA hard disk drives for RAID set configuration. For optimal performance, install identical drives of the same model and capacity when creating a disk array.

See section 2.6 Hard disk drives for SATA hard disk drive installation.

5.1.3 Setting the RAID item in BIOS

You must enable the RAID function in the BIOS Setup before creating RAID set(s) using SATA HDDs. To do this:

- 1. Enter the BIOS Setup during POST.
- 2. Go to the Main menu > Storage Configuration, and then press <Enter>.
- 3. Set the Configure SATA as item to [RAID].
- 4. Save your changes, and then exit the BIOS Setup.



Refer to Chapter 4 for details on entering and navigating through the BIOS Setup.

5.2 LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility

The LSI MegaRAID software RAID configuration utility allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1, or RAID 10 set(s) from SATA hard disk drives connected to the SATA connectors supported by the motherboard southbridge chip.

To enter the LSI MegaRAID software RAID configuration utility

- 1. Turn on the system after installing all the SATA hard disk drives.
- During POST, the LSI MegaRAID software RAID configuration utility automatically detects the installed SATA hard disk drives and displays any existing RAID set(s). Press <Ctrl> + <M> to enter the utility.

LSI MegaRAID Software RAID B		07211059R
LSI SATA RAID Found at PCI B	us No: Dev No:1F	
Device present at Port 0	ST3160812AS	152114MB
Device present at Port 1	ST3160812AS	152114MB
	0001000	1 5 0 1 1 4 1 5
Device present at Port 2	ST3160812AS	152114MB
	0001000	1 5 0 1 1 4 1 5
Device present at Port 3	ST3160812AS	152114MB
Duran dhul M an Batan ta mu	TOT OF Charles DAT	D Octore Mtd 1: too
Press Ctrl-M or Enter to run	LSI Sortware RAL	D Setup Utility.

				5
			1	λ
	6	1	/	
,	Γ	_		

- The LSI MegaRAID software RAID configuration utility automatically configures to RAID 1 when the SATA to RAID Mode is enabled.
- The RAID setup screens shown in this section are for reference only and may not exactly match the items on your screen due to the controller version difference.
- When you create RAID sets with the LSI MegaRAID software RAID configuration utility, the boot priority of the SATA optical drive has to be manually adjusted. Otherwise, the system will not boot from the connected SATA ODD.
- The utility main window appears. Use the arrow keys to select an option from the Management Menu and then press <Enter>. Refer to the Management Menu descriptions on the next page.

At the bottom of the screen is the legend box. The keys on the legend box allow you to navigate through the setup menu options or execute commands. The keys on the legend box vary according to the menu level.

LSI Software RA				9
	BIOS Version	A.09.07211059R		
Management Menu- Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consistency	Configure			
Use Cursor Keys to Navig	ate Between Ite	ems And Press E	nter To Select	An Option

Menu	Description
Configure	Allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1 or RAID 10 set using the Easy Configuration or the New Configuration command. This menu also allows you to view, add, or clear RAID configurations or select the boot drive
Initialize	Allows you to initialize the virtual drives of a created RAID set
Objects	Allows you to initialize virtual drives or change the virtual drive parameters
Rebuild	Allows you to rebuild failed drives
Check Consistency	Allows you to check the data consistency of the virtual drives of a created RAID set

5.2.1 Creating a RAID set

The LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility allows you to create a RAID 0, RAID 1, or RAID 10 set using two types of configurations: **Easy** and **New**.

In Easy Configuration, the virtual drive parameters are set automatically.

In New Configuration, you manually set the virtual drive parameters.

Using Easy Configuration

To create a RAID set using the Easy Configuration option

1. From the **Management Menu**, select **Configure > Easy Configuration**, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Sof	tware RAID Configuration Utility Ver A.62 Apr 29, 2009 BIOS Version A.09.07211059R
Management Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consist	Configuration Basy Configuration New Configuration Clear Configuration Select Boot Drive ency
Defines P	hysical Arrays. An Array Will Automatically Become A VD
Use Cursor Keys	to Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

 The ARRAY SELECTION MENU displays the available drives connected to the SATA ports. Use the up/down arrow key to select the drives you want to include in the RAID set, and then press <Space>. When selected, the drive indicator changes from READY to ONLIN A[X]-[Y], where X is the array number, and Y is the drive number.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver A.62 Apr 29, 2009 BIOS Version A.09.07211059R
Management Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consist Easy Configuration - ARRAY SELECTION MENU ONLIN A00-00 ONLIN A00-00 ONLIN A00-01 2 0 ONLIN A00-00 ONLIN A00-01 2 0 1 ONLIN A00-01 ONLIN A00-01 2 0 2 READY 3 3 READY 3 Port # 1 DISK 77247MB HDS728080PLA380 PF20A60A
SPACE-Sel,ENTER-EndArray,F10-Configure,F2-Drive Info,F3-Virtual Drives,F4-HSP



- The information of the selected hard disk drive displays at the bottom of the screen.
- · You need at least two identical hard disk drives when creating a RAID 1 set.
- You need at least four identical hard disk drives when creating a RAID 10 set.
- 3. Select all the drives required for the RAID set, and then press <F10> to configure array setting.
- 4. Press <Space> to select the configurable array.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver A.62 Apr 29, 200 BIOS Version A.09.07211059R	D9
Management Select Configurable Array(s) Configurable Array(s) SPAN-1 SPAN-1	
Cursor Keys, SPACE-(De)Select F2-ChIdInfo F3-SlotInfo F10-Configure E	Esc-Quit

5. Press <F10> again, the virtual drive information appears including a **Virtual Drive** menu that allows you to change the virtual drive parameters.

LSI	Softw	are RAID		tion Utility Drive(s) Co		Apr 29, 2009	
Manager Configure Initializ Objects Rebuild Check Cor	LD 0		Size	#Stripes	StripSz 64 KB		
(Si DV RZ Ac	-Virgual 1 ATD = 1 .ze = 7724 AC = Off A = On ccept PAN = NO	17 <u>M</u> B				
	-			Level For			0.11
Cursor Ke	ys, s	PACE-(De)	Select F2-	Chidinio F3-	SIOTINIO FIU	-Configure Esc-	Quit

- 6. Select RAID from the Virtual Drive sub-menu, and then press <Enter>.
- 7. Select the **RAID** level from the menu, and then press <Enter>.

LD RAID Size #Stripes StripSz Status 0 1 77247MB 2 64 KB ONLINE Configure Tinitialii Objects Rabuild Check Cor Virtual Drive 0 RAID Level RAID 0 Size = 77247MB DWC = off RA = On Accept SPAN = NO	LSI	Softw	are RAID		tion Utility Drive(s) Co		Apr 29, 2009	
Virtual Drive 0 RAID Level RAID = 1 RAID 0 Size = 77247MB DWC = Off RA = On Accept	Configure Initializ Objects Rebuild	0						
		RA S: DV RA Ad	AID = 1 ize = 7724 NC = Off A = On ccept		RAID 0	vel		
Choose RAID Level For This VD			C	hoose RAII) Level For	This VD		

8. When creating a **RAID 1** or a **RAID 10** set, select **DWC** from the **Virtual Drive** menu, and then press <Enter>.

When creating a RAID 0 set, proceed to step 10.

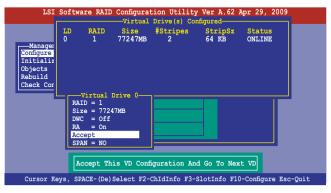
9. Select **On** to enable the **Disk Write Cache** setting, and then press <Enter>.

LSI	Softw	are RAII		tion Utility Drive(s) Co		Apr 29, 2009	
Manager Configure Initializ Objects Rebuild Check Cor			77247мв	2	StripSz 64 KB		
	RA Si DW RA Ac	Virtual ID = 1 ze = 772 C = Off = On cept AN = NO	47мв	Cache Settin	ng Of VD		
Cursor K	eys, SI	ACE-(De)	Select F2-	ChIdInfo F3-	SlotInfo F1()-Configure Eso	e-Quit



Enabling DWC can improve the performance, but with the risk of data loss.

10. When finished setting the selected virtual drive configuration, select **Accept** from the menu, and then press <Enter>.



- 11. Follow step 2 to 10 to configure additional virtual drives.
- Press <Esc> to finish RAID configuration. When prompted to save configuration, select Yes from the menu, and then press <Enter>.

LSI	Softwa			ion Utility: n A.09.07		Apr 29, 2009	
Manageme Configure Initializ	ent Ne	isy Config w Configu	ration onfiguration		Yes No	nfiguration?	
Objects Rebuild Check Con	LD 0	RAID 1	Size 77247MB	#Stripes 2	StripSz 64 KB	Status ONLINE	
			Selec	t Yes Or No			
Use Cursor K	evs to	Navigat	e Between	Items And	Press Enter	To Select Ar	Option

Using New Configuration

When a RAID set already exists, using the **New Configuration** command erases the existing RAID configuration data. If you do not want to delete the existing RAID set, use the **View/Add Configuration** command to view or create another RAID configuration.

To create a RAID set using the New Configuration option

1. From the Management Menu, select Configure > New Configuration, and then press <Enter>.

LSI	Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver A.62 Apr 29, 2009 BIOS Version A.09.07211059R
	View/Add Configuration
Use Cursor	Keys to Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

- 2. Follow step 2 to 7 of the previous section: **Using Easy Configuration**.
- 3. Select Size from the Virtual Drive menu, and then press <Enter>.
- 4. Key-in the desired virtual drive size, and then press <Enter>.

LSI	Softw	are RAID			ility Ver		pr 29, 200	9	
Manager Configure Initializ Objects Rebuild Chock C	LD 0	RAID 1		#Strip	es Sti		Status ONLINE		
Check C	RA Si DW RA Ac	D Size (M ID = 1 ze = 7724 C = Off = On cept AN = NO	в): 77247 7мв						
			Enter	VD Size	(MB):				
Use Cursor K	eys to	o Navigat	e Between	Items	And Press	Enter	To Select	An Opt	ion

5. Follow step 8 to 12 of the previous section: **Using Easy Configuration** to create the RAID set.

5.2.2 Adding or viewing a RAID configuration

You can add a new RAID configuration or view an existing configuration using the **View/Add Configuration** command.

Adding a new RAID configuration

To add a new RAID configuration:

1. From the Management Menu, select Configure > View/Add Configuration, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Soft	ware RAID Configuration Utility Ver A.62 Apr 29, 2009 BIOS Version A.09.07211059R
Management Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consiste	View/Add to The Existing Configuration
Use Cursor Key	s To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

 The ARRAY SELECTION MENU displays the available drives connected to the SATA ports. Select the drive(s) you want to include in the RAID set, then press <Space>. When selected, the drive indicator changes from READY to ONLIN A[X]-[Y], where X is the array number, and Y is the drive number.

LSI Soft	tware RAID Configuration Utility Ver A.62 Apr 29, 2009 BIOS Version A.09.07211059R
Management Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consist	View/Add Configuration - ARRAY SELECTION MENU FORT 0 0 ONLIN A00-00 1 ONLIN A00-01 2 READY 3 READY
Port	: # 2 DISK 77247MB HDS728080PLA380 PF20A60A
SPACE-Sel, ENTI	ER-EndArray,F10-Configure,F2-Drive Info,F3-Virtual Drives,F4-HSP



The information of the selected hard disk drive displays at the bottom of the screen.

3. Follow step 3 to 12 of section 6.2.1 Creating a RAID set: Using Easy Configuration to add a new RAID set.

5.2.3 Initializing the virtual drives

After creating the RAID set(s), you must initialize the virtual drives. You may initialize the virtual drives of a RAID set(s) using the **Initialize** or **Objects** command on the **Management Menu**.

Using the Initialize command

To initialize the virtual drive using the Initialize command

1. From the Management Menu, select Initialize, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver A.62 Apr 29, 2009 BIOS Version A.09.07211059R
Management Menu Configure Enifialize Objects
Rebuild Check Consistency
Initialize Virtual Drive(s)
Use Cursor Keys To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

2. The screen displays the available RAID set(s) and prompts you to select the virtual drive to initialize. Use the arrow keys to select the virtual drive from the **Virtual Drive** selection, and then press <Space>.

LSI Software F			ility Ver A. 19.07211059R	62 Apr 29, 20	09
		Virtu	al Drive(s)	Configured	
Management Menu- Configure	LD RAI				Status
Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consistency Virtual Drives Virtual Drive 0	0 1	151634	MB 2	64 KB	ONLINE
		Select N	םז		
	SPACE-(De)S	elect, H	10-Initiali:	ze	

3. Press <F10> to start initialization. When prompted, select **Yes** from the **Initialize?** dialog box, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software R	AID Configurat BIOS Versio			Apr 29, 20	09
		-Virtual I	Drive(s) Con	nfigured ——	
Management Menu- Configure Initialize Objects		Size 154494MB	#Stripes 4	StripSz 64 KB	Status ONLINE
Rebuild Check Consistency			ze?		
Virtual Drives Virtual Drive 0					
Ini	t Will Destro	y Data On	Selected VD(s)	



Initializing a virtual drive erases all data on the drive.

4. A progress bar appears on screen. If desired, press <Esc> to abort initialization. When initialization is completed, press <Esc>.

Virtual Drive(s) Configured Onfigure Initial Objects Rebuild Check Cc Virtual Drive 0 Virtual Drive 0	LSI Software	RAID Configuration U BIOS Version A		Apr 29, 200	9
	Configure Initial Objects Rebuild Check Cc	LD RAID Sin Init Of VD Is 0 Initialization C	ze #Stripes In Process	StripSz 64 KB	
SPACE-(De)Select, F10-Initialize					

Using the Objects command

To initialize the virtual drives using the **Objects** command

1. From the **Management Menu**, select **Objects > Virtual Drive**, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver A.62 Apr 29, 2009 BIOS Version A.09.07211059R
Management Adapter Vitual Drive Physical Drive Defects Rebuild Check Consistency
Use Cursor Keys To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

2. Select the virtual drive to initialize from the **Virtual Drives** sub-menu, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Sof	tware RAID Configuration Utility Ver A.62 Apr 29, 2009 BIOS Version A.09.07211059R
Management Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consist	Vitual Drive (1) Obj Virtual Drive 0 Virtual Drive Physical Drive Physical Drive
	Press ENTER To Select A VD, To Delete A VD

3. Select **Initialize** from the pop-up menu, and then press <Enter> to start initialization.

LSI Soft	ware RAID Configuration Utility Ver A.62 Apr 29, 2009 BIOS Version A.09.07211059R
	-Vitual Drive (1)
Configure	Adapter Virtual Drive Physical Drive ncy Vitual Drive(0) Initialze Check Consistency
	View/Update Parameters
	Initilize VD
Use Cursor Key	s To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

4. When prompted, press the <Space> to select **Yes** from the **Initialize?** dialog box, and then press <Enter>.

	LSI Sof	tware RAID Configuration Utility Ver A.62 Apr 29, 2009
		BIOS Version A.09.07211059R
		Vitual Drive (1)
		Virtual Drive 0
——M	lanagement	Adapter
	figure	Virtual Drive
Ini	tialize	Physical Drive
Obje	ects	
Reb	uild	Vitual Drive(0)
Che	ck Consist	ency Initialize
		Check Cor. Initialize? View/Upfa Yes
		View/opta No
		NO
		Initilize Will Destroy Data On Selected VD(s)
Use	Cursor Ke	ys To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

5. A progress bar appears on screen. If desired, press <Esc> to abort initialization. When initialization is completed, press <Esc>.

5.2.4 Rebuilding failed drives

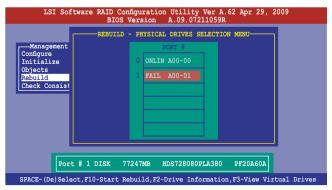
You can manually rebuild failed hard disk drives using the **Rebuild** command in the **Management Menu**.

To rebuild a failed hard disk drive

1. From the Management Menu, select Rebuild, and then press <Enter>.

]	LSI	Softw	are			ion Utili A.09.0			Apr 29,	2009	
Configu	re	nt Me	nu—	1							
Initia Object	s		_								
Rebuil Check		isten	су								
					Rebu	ild PD(s					
Use Cu	rsor	Keys	To N	lavigate	Between	Items And	d Press	Enter	To Sele	ect An	Option

 The PHYSICAL DRIVES SELECTION MENU displays the available drives connected to the SATA ports. Select the drive you want to rebuild, and then press <Space>.



3. After selecting the drive to rebuild, press <F10>. When prompted, press <Y> to rebuild the drive.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver A.62 Apr 29 BIOS Version A.09.07211059R	, 2009
REBUILD - PHYSICAL DRIVES SELECTION MENU Configure Initialize Objects	
Rebuilding Of Drive Will Take A Few Minutes. Start Rebuilding 1	Drive (Y/N)?
Port # 1 DISK 77247MB HDS728080PLA380 PF20A60	
SPACE-(De)Select,F10-Start Rebuild,F2-Drive Information,F3-View V	Virtual Drives

4. When rebuild is complete, press any key to continue.

5.2.5 Checking the drives for data consistency

You can check and verify the accuracy of data redundancy in the selected virtual drive. The utility can automatically detect and/or detect and correct any differences in data redundancy depending on the selected option in the **Objects > Adapter** menu.



The **Check Consistency** command is available only for virtual drives included in a RAID 1 or RAID 10 set.

Using the Check Consistency Command

To check data consistency using the Check Consistency command

1. From the **Management Menu**, select **Check Consistency**, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver A.62 Apr 29, 2009 BIOS Version A.09.07211059R
Management Menu- Configure Initialize Objects Rabuild Check Consistency
CC OF VD(s)
Use Cursor Keys To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

 The screen displays the available RAID set(s) and prompts you to select the virtual drive to check. Press <Space> to select the virtual drive from the Virtual Drive sub-menu, and then press <F10>.

Virtual Drive 0	LSI Software		ion Utili A.09.(Apr 29, 20	09
Management Menu- Configure Unitalize Objects Rebuild Wheok Consistency			Virtual	Drive(s) Co	nfigured——	
	Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild	RAID	Size	#Stripes	StripSz	
		_	_		_	_
Select VD		Se	lect VD			

3. When prompted, use the arrow keys to select **Yes** from the **Consistency Check?** dialog box, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software I	AID Configurat BIOS Versio			Apr 29, 200)9
Management Menu- Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consistency	0 10	Size 154494MB		StripSz	
Virtual Drive 0	ACE-(De)Select	elect VD , F10-Che	ck Consister	ncy	

A progress bar appears on screen.

LSI	Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver A.62 Apr 29, 2009 BIOS Version A.09.07211059R
Managem Configure Initial Objects Rebuild Check Cc	Virtual Drive(s) Configured ant Menu- LD RAID Size #Stripes StripSz Status CC Under Process / CA VR ONLINE VD 0 Consistency Check. Press Esc to Abort. ; 85 % Completed
	Drive 0 The Data On The Drives Is Inconsistency. Repair Done!
	SPACE-(De)Select, F10-Check Consistency

- While checking the disk consistency, press <Esc> to display the following options.
 - Stop
 Stops the consistency check. The utility stores the percentage of disk checked, and when you restart checking, it continues from the last percentage completed rather than from zero percent.
 - · Continue Continues the consistency check.
 - Abort Aborts the consistency check. When you restart checking, it continues from zero percent.
- 5. When checking is complete, press any key to continue.

Using the Objects command

To check data consistency using the **Objects** command

- 1. From the Management Menu, select Objects, and then select Virtual Drive from the sub-menu.
- 2. Use the arrow keys to select the virtual drive you want to check, and then press <Enter>.
- 3. Select Check Consistency from the pop-up menu, and then press <Enter>.
- 4. When prompted, use the arrow keys to select **Yes** from the dialog box to check the drive.
- 5. When checking is complete, press any key to continue.

5.2.6 Deleting a RAID configuration

To delete a RAID configuration

1. From the **Management Menu**, select **Configure > Clear Configuration**, and then press <Enter>.

	LSI Sof	tware RAID Configuration Utility Ver A.62 Apr 29, 2009
		BIOS Version A.09.07211059R
[Management Gonfigure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consist	Configuration Menu- Easy Configuration New Configuration View/Add Configuration Clear Configuration Select Boot Drive
	Use Cursor Ke	ys To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

2. When prompted, use the arrow keys to select **Yes** from the **Clear Configuration?** dialog box, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Sof	tware RAID Configuration Utility Ver A.62 Apr 29, 2009
	BIOS Version A.09.07211059R
Management Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consist	Configuration Menu Easy Configuration New Configuration? Clear Existing Configuration ency
Use Cursor Ke	ys To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

The utility clears all the current array(s).

3. Press any key to continue.

5.2.7 Selecting the boot drive from a RAID set

You must have created a new RAID configuration before you can select the boot drive from a RAID set. See section **5.2.1 Creating a RAID set: Using New Configuration** for details.

To select the boot drive from a RAID set

1. From the **Management Menu**, select **Configure > Select Boot Drive**, and then press <Enter>.

	LSI S	oftware						pr 29, 20	09
			BIOS	Version	A.0	9.072110	59R		
Co In Ob Rei	Managemen nfigure itialize jects build eck Consi	Easy New View Clea Sele	onfiguratic Configuratic Add Config r Configurat Add Config r Configurat	n Menu- tion ion guration ation					
Us	e Cursor	Keys To	Navigate	Between	Items	And Press	Enter 1	o Select	An Option

2. When prompted, use the arrow keys to select the bootable virtual drive from the list, then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver A.62 Apr 29, 2009 BIOS Version A.09.07211059R
Bottable VDs(1):Current Boot VD(0) Boot Drive 0 New Configuration Configure Thitialize Objects Rebuild Check Consistency Select A Boot VD
Use Cursor Keys To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

3. The virtual drive is selected as boot drive. Press any key to continue.

5.2.8 Enabling WriteCache

You may manually enable the RAID controller's WriteCache option after creating a RAID set to improve the data transmission performance.

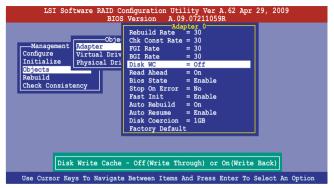


When you enable WriteCache, you may lose data when a power interruption occurs while transmitting or exchanging data among the drives.

The WriteCache function is recommended for RAID 1 and RAID 10 sets.

To enable WriteCache

- 1. From the **Management Menu**, select **Objects** > **Adapter**, and then press <Enter> to display the adapter properties.
- 2. Select **Disk WC**, and then press <Enter> to turn on the option.



- 3. From the **Management Menu**, select **Objects** > **Virtual Drive**, and then press <Enter> to display the adapter properties.
- 4. Select **Disk WC**, and then press <Enter> to turn on the option.



5. When finished, press any key to continue.

5.3 Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology Option ROM Utilitys

The Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology Option ROM utility allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10 (RAID 1+0), and RAID 5 set(s) from Serial ATA hard disk drives that are connected to the Serial ATA connectors supported by the Southbridge.

To enter the Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology option ROM utility:

- 1. Install all the Serial ATA hard disk drives.
- 2. Turn on the system.
- 3. During POST, press <Ctrl+l> to display the utility main menu.

	Storage Technolog 03-10 Intel Corpor								
[MAIN MENU] 1. Create RAID Volume 2. Delete RAID Volume 5. Exit 3. Reset Disks to Non-RAID 4. Recovery Volume Options									
RAID Volumes:	=[DISK/VOLUME IN		= Data is Encrypted						
None defined. Physical Devices:									
Port Drive Model 0 ST3160812AS	Serial # 9LSOHJA4	Size 149.0GB	Type/Status (Vol ID) Non-RAID Disk						
1 ST3160812AS 2 ST3160812AS 3 ST3160812AS	9LSOF4HL 3LSOJYL8 9LSOBJ5H	149.0GB 149.0GB 149.0GB	Non-RAID Disk Non-RAID Disk Non-RAID Disk						
5 DISIGOULAD	911601603H	149.000	KON KAID DISK						
[† ↓]-Select	[ESC]-Exit	[EN	[ENTER]-Select Menu						

The navigation keys at the bottom of the screen allow you to move through the menus and select the menu options.



The RAID BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference only and may not exactly match the items on your screen.

5.3.1 Creating a RAID set

To create a RAID set:

1. From the utility main menu, select **1. Create RAID Volume** and press <Enter>. The following screen appears.

		Technology - Optic cel Corporation.			
	Name: AID Level: Disks: Strip Size: Capacity: Sync:	0.0 GB]		
Enter a uniqu		<pre>= [HELP] e that has no spe haracters or less</pre>		racters and is	
[↑↓]Change	[TAB]-Next	[ESC]-Previous	Menu	[ENTER]-Select	

- 2. Enter a name for the RAID set and press < Enter>.
- 3. When the **RAID Level** item is selected, press the up/down arrow keys to select a RAID level to create, and then press <Enter>.
- 4. When the **Disks** item is selected, press <Enter> to select the hard disk drives you want to include in the RAID set. The **SELECT DISKS** screen appears.

Port	Drive Model	Serial #	Size	Status
)	ST3160812AS	9LSOHJA4	149.0GB	Non-RAID Disk
1	ST3160812AS	9LSOF4HL	149.0GB	Non-RAID Disk
2	ST3160812AS	3LS0JYL8	149.0GB	Non-RAID Disk
3	ST3160812AS	9LSOBJ5H	149.0GB	Non-RAID Disk
	Select 2 to	6 disks to use	in creatin	g the volume.

 Use the up/down arrow keys to select a drive, and then press <Space> to select. A small triangle marks the selected drive. Press <Enter> after completing your selection. Use the up/down arrow keys to select the stripe size for the RAID array (for RAID 0, 10 and 5 only), and then press <Enter>. The available stripe size values range from 4 KB to 128 KB. The following are typical values: RAID 0: 128KB RAID 10: 64KB RAID 5: 64KB



We recommend a lower stripe size for server systems, and a higher stripe size for multimedia computer systems used mainly for audio and video editing.

- When the Capacity item is selected, enter the RAID volume capacity that you want and press <Enter>. The default value indicates the maximum allowed capacity.
- When the Create Volume item is selected, press <Enter>. The following warning message appears.



9. Press <Y> to create the RAID volume and return to the main menu, or <N> to go back to the **CREATE VOLUME** menu.

5.3.2 Creating a Recovery set

To create a recovery set:

1. From the utility main menu, select **1. Create RAID Volume** and press <Enter>. The following screen appears.

	Technology - Option ROM - 10.1.0.1008 htel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.
Name: RAID Level:	RAIDO(Stripe) Select Disks 128KB 0.0 GB
	me that has no special characters and is characters or less.
[↑↓]Change [TAB]-Next	[ESC]-Previous Menu [ENTER]-Select

- 2. Enter a name for the recovery set and press <Enter>.
- 3. When the **RAID Level** item is selected, press the up/down arrow keys to select **Recovery**, and then press <Enter>.
- When the **Disks** item is selected, press <Enter> to select the hard disk drives you want to include in the recovery set. The **SELECT DISKS** screen appears.

Port	Drive Model	Serial #	Size	Status		
0	ST3160812AS	9LSOHJA4	149.0GB	Non-RAID Disk		
1	ST3160812AS	9LSOF4HL	149.0GB	Non-RAID Disk		
2	ST3160812AS	3LS0JYL8	149.0GB	Non-RAID Disk		
3	ST3160812AS	9LS0BJ5H	149.0GB	Non-RAID Disk		
Select 1 Master and 1 Recovery disk to create volume.						

- Use the up/down arrow keys to select a drive, press <TAB> to select a Master disk, and then press <SPACE> to select a Recovery disk. A small triangle marks the selected drive. Press <Enter> after completing your selection.
- 6. When the **Sync** item is selected, use the up/down arrow keys to select a sync option that you want and press <Enter>.
- When the Create Volume item is selected, press <Enter>. The following warning message appears.



 Press <Y> to create the recovery set and return to the main menu, or <N> to go back to the CREATE VOLUME menu.



If a recovery set is created, you cannot add more RAID sets even when you have more non-RAID disks installed in your system.

5.3.3 Deleting a RAID set



Take caution when deleting a RAID set. You will lose all data on the hard disk drives when you delete a RAID set.

To delete a RAID set:

1. From the utility main menu, select **2. Delete RAID Volume** and press <Enter>. The following screen appears.

		Storage Technol				
Copy	yright(C) 200	03-10 Intel Cor	poration. A.	li kights k	eservea.	
		DELETE VC	LUME MENU]=			
Name	Level	Drives	Capacity	Status	Bootable	
Volume0	RAIDO (Str	ipe) 2	298.0GB	Normal	Yes	
		- HE	TB 1			
	Deleting a	volume will rea	aat tha diak	to pop_DA	TD	
	Deleting a	volume will re:	set the disk:	S CO HOH-RA	10.	
		ING: ALL DISK DA				
	(This	does not apply	to Recovery	volumes)		
[↑↓]-Se	elect	[ESC]-Previou	ıs Menu	[DEL]-Delet	e Volume	

2. Use the up/down arrow keys to select the RAID set you want to delete, and then press . The following warning message appears.



3. Press <Y> to delete the RAID set and return to the utility main menu, or press <N> to return to the **DELETE VOLUME** menu.

5.3.4 Resetting disks to Non-RAID



Take caution before you reset a RAID volume hard disk drive to non-RAID. Resetting a RAID volume hard disk drive deletes all internal RAID structure on the drive.

To reset a RAID set hard disk drive:

1. From the utility main menu, select **3. Reset Disks to Non-RAID** and press <Enter>. The following screen appears.

[RESET RAID DATA] Resetting RAID disk will remove its RAID structures and revert it to a non-RAID disk.						
WARNING: Resetting a disk causes all data on the disk to be lost. (This does not apply to Recovery volumes)						
Port Drive Model	Serial #	Size	Status			
0 ST3160812AS	9LSOHJA4	149.0GB	Member Disk			
1 ST3160812AS	9LSOF4HL	149.0GB	Member Disk			
Select the disks that should be reset.						
[\]-Previous/Next	[SPACE]-Sele	cts [ENTER]-	Selection Complete			

- Use the up/down arrow keys to select the RAID set drive(s) you want to reset, and then press <Space> to select.
- Press <Enter> to reset the RAID set drive(s). A confirmation message appears.
- Press <Y> to reset the drive(s) or press <N> to return to the utility main menu.

5.3.5 Recovery Volume Options

If you have created a recovery set, you can configure more recovery set options following the descriptions in the section.



See section **5.3.2 Creating a Recovery set** to create a recovery set before continue.

To configure a recovery set:

1. From the utility main menu, select **4. Recovery Volume Options** and press <Enter>. The following screen appears.

	torage Technology - Optic -10 Intel Corporation.	
	RECOVERY VOLUME OPTION	s]
	Enable Only Recovery I	
2.	Enable Only Master Dis	sk
	[HELP]	
Enable Only Recovery	y Disk - enables recover	y disk if available and
	disables master disk.	
Enable Only Master	r Disk – enables master (disables recovery disk	
Actions will result in		Update mode to On-Request.
[↑↓]-Select	[ESC]-Previous Menu	[ENTER]-Select

2. Use the up/down arrow keys to select the option you want, and then press <ENTER>. The SELECT RECOVERY VOLUME screen appears.

	[SELECT	RECOVERY VO	LUME]	
Name	Level	Capacity	Status	Bootable
Volume0	Recovery (Cont.)	149.0GB	Normal	Yes
	Select a Recovery	volume to do	the opera	tion.
	[↑↓]-Up/Down [SP#	CE]-Selects	[ENTER]-Do	one =

 Use the up/down arrow keys to select a drive, and then press <Space> to select. A small triangle marks the selected drive. Press <Enter> after completing your selection and return to the utility main menu.

5.3.6 Exiting the Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology utility

To exit the utility:

1. From the utility main menu, select **5. Exit**, and then press <Enter>. The following warning message appears.



2. Press <Y> to exit or press <N> to return to the utility main menu.

5.3.7 Rebuilding the RAID



This option is only for the RAID 1 set.

Rebuilding the RAID with other non-RAID disk

If any of the SATA hard disk drives included in the RAID 1 array failed, the system displays the status of the RAID volume as "**Degraded**" during POST. You can rebuild the RAID array with other installed non-RAID disks.

To rebuild the RAID with other non-RAID disk:

- 1. At the prompt, press <Ctrl> + <l> to enter the Intel Rapid Storage Technology option ROM utility.
- If there is a non-RAID SATA Hard Disk available, the utility will prompt to rebuild the RAID. Press <Enter>, and then use up/down arrow keys to select the destination disk or press <ESC> to exit.





Select a destination disk with the same size as the original hard disk.

3. The utility immediately starts rebuilding after the disk is selected. The status of the degraded RAID volume is changed to "**Rebuild**".

	torage Technology - Optic 3-10 Intel Corporation.	
1. Create RAID 2. Delete RAID		8. Reset Disks to Non-RAID 1. Recovery Volume Options
RAID Volumes: ID Name Level 0 Volume0 RAIDI		<pre>* = Data is Encrypted</pre>
1 ST3160812AS	9LSOF4HL 149.	ize Type/Status(Vol ID) OGB Member Disk(0) OGB Member Disk(0)
Volumes with "Rebuild"	status will be rebuilt w	ithin the operating system.

- 4. Exit Intel Rapid Storage Technology and reboot the system.
- Under Microsoft[®] Windows OS, select Start > Programs > Intel Rapid Storage > Intel Rapid Storage Console or click the Intel Rapid Storage Technology tray icon to load the Intel Rapid Storage Manager utility.
- 6. From the **View** menu, select **Advanced Mode** to display the details of the Intel Rapid Storage Console.
- 7. From the **Volumes view** option, select **RAID volume** to view the rebuilding status. When finished, the status is changed to "**Normal**".

Rebuilding the RAID with a new hard disk

If any of the SATA hard disk drives included in the RAID array failed, the system displays the status of the RAID volume as "**Degraded**" during POST. You may replace the disk drive and rebuild the RAID array.

To rebuild the RAID with a new hard disk:

1. Remove the failed SATA hard disk and install a new SATA hard disk of the same specification into the same SATA Port.



Select a destination disk with the same size as the original hard disk.

2. Reboot the system and then follow the steps in section **Rebuilding the RAID** with other non-RAID disk.

5.3.8 Setting the Boot array in the BIOS Setup Utility

You can set the boot priority sequence in the BIOS for your RAID arrays when creating multi-RAID using the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology.

To set the boot array in the BIOS:

Set at least one of the arrays bootable to boot from the hard disk.

- 1. Reboot the system and press to enter the BIOS setup utility during POST.
- 2. Go to the **Boot** menu and select the boot option priority.
- 3. Use up/down arrow keys to select the boot priority and press <Enter>. See section **4.7 Boot menu** for details.
- 4. From the Exit menu, select Save Changes & Exit, then press <Enter>.
- 5. When the confirmation window appears, select Yes, then press <Enter>.





This chapter provides instructions for installing the necessary drivers for different system components.



installation river

6.1 RAID driver installation

After creating the RAID sets for your server system, you are now ready to install an operating system to the independent hard disk drive or bootable array. This part provides instructions on how to install the RAID controller drivers during OS installation.

6.1.1 Creating a RAID driver disk



The system does not include a floppy drive. You have to use a USB floppy drive when creating a SATA RAID driver disk.

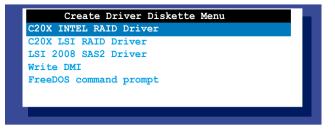


If you have created RAID sets with the LSI Software RAID configuration utility, the boot priority of the SATA optical disk drive has to be manually adjusted. Otherwise, the system will not boot from the connected SATA ODD.

A floppy disk with the RAID driver is required when installing Windows[®] or Red Hat[®] Enterprise operating system on a hard disk drive that is included in a RAID set. You can create a RAID driver disk in DOS (using the Makedisk application in the support DVD).

To create a RAID driver disk in DOS environment

- 1. Place the motherboard support DVD in the optical drive.
- 2. Restart the computer, and then enter the BIOS Setup.
- 3. Select the optical drive as the first boot priority to boot from the support DVD. Save your changes, and then exit the BIOS Setup.
- 4. Restart the computer. The Makedisk menu appears.



5. Use the arrow keys to select the type of RAID driver disk you want to create and press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu.

C20X INTEL RAID Driver



C20X LSI RAID Driver

Windows XP 64 bit Windows Server 2003 32 bit Windows Server 2003 64 bit Windows Vista 32 bit
Windows Server 2003 64 bit Windows Vista 32 bit
Windows Vista 32 bit
Windows Vista 64 bit
Windows Server 2008 32 bit
Windows Server 2008 64 bit
Windows 7 32 bit
Windows 7 64 bit
Windows Server 2008 R2 64 bit
RHEL AS4 UP7 32/64 bit
RHEL AS4 UP8 32/64 bit
RHEL 5 UP4 32/64 bit
RHEL 5 UP5 32/64 bit
RHEL 6 32 bit
RHEL 6 64 bit
SLES 10 SP2 32 bit
SLES 10 SP2 64 bit
SLES 10 SP3 32 bit
SLES 10 SP3 64 bit
SLES 11 32 bit

- 6. Locate the RAID driver and place a blank, high-density floppy disk to the floppy disk drive.
- 7. Press <Enter>.
- 8. Follow screen instructions to create the driver disk.

To create a RAID driver disk in Windows® environment

- 1. Start Windows[®].
- 2. Place the motherboard support DVD into the optical drive.
- 3. Go to the **Make Disk** menu, and then select the type of RAID driver disk you want to create.
- 4. Insert a floppy disk into the floppy disk drive.
- 5. Follow succeeding screen instructions to complete the process.



Write-protect the floppy disk to avoid computer virus infection.

To create a RAID driver disk in Red Hat® Enterprise Linux server environment

- 1. Insert a blank formatted high-density floppy disk to the floppy disk drive.
- Type dd if=XXX.img of=/dev/fd0 to decompress the file into the floppy disk from the following path in the support DVD:

For LSI MegaRAID Driver

\Drivers\PCH LSI RAID\Driver\makedisk\Linux

3. Eject the floppy disk.

6.1.2 Installing the RAID controller driver

Windows[®] Server OS

During Windows[®] Server OS installation

To install the RAID controller driver when installing Windows[®] Server OS:

1. Boot the computer using the Windows[®] Server installation DVD. The Windows[®] Server OS Setup starts.

Windows Setup			

Press F6 if you need to install a third party SCSI or RAID driver..

- 2. Press <F6> when the message "Press F6 if you need to install a third party SCSI or RAID driver..." appears at the bottom of the screen.
- 3. When prompted, press <S> to specify an additional device.



4. Insert the RAID driver disk you created earlier to the USB floppy disk drive, then press <Enter>.



- 5. Select the RAID controller driver you need from the list, then press <Enter>.
- 6. The Windows[®] Setup loads the RAID controller drivers from the RAID driver disk. When prompted, press <Enter> to continue installation.
- 7. Setup then proceeds with the OS installation. Follow screen instructions to continue.

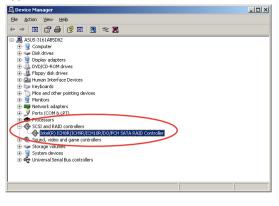
To an existing Windows® Server OS

To install the RAID controller driver on an existing Windows® Server OS

- 1. Restart the computer, and then log in with Administrator privileges.
- 2. Windows[®] automatically detects the RAID controller and displays a **New Hardware Found** window. Click **Cancel**.
- 3. Right-click the **My Computer** icon on the Windows[®] desktop, and then select **Properties** from the menu.
- 4. Click the **Hardware** tab, and then click the **Device Manager** button to display the list of devices installed in the system.
- 5. Right-click the **RAID controller** item, then select **Properties**.
- 6. Click the **Driver** tab, and then click the **Update Driver** button.
- 7. The Upgrade Device Driver Wizard window appears. Click Next.
- 8. Insert the RAID driver disk you created earlier to the USB floppy disk drive.
- 9. Select the option **Install the software automatically (Recommended)**, and then click **Next**.
- 10. The wizard searches the RAID controller drivers. When found, click **Next** to install the drivers.
- 11. Click **Finish** after the driver installation is done.

To verify the RAID controller driver installation:

- 1. Right-click the **My Computer** icon on the Windows[®] desktop, and then select **Properties** from the menu.
- 2. Click the Hardware tab, and then click the Device Manager button.
- Click the "+" sign before the item SCSI and RAID controllers, and then the Intel(R) ICH8R/ICH9R/ICH10R/DO/PCH SATA RAID Controller item should appear.





The screen differs based on the controller.

- 4. Right-click the **RAID controller** driver item, and then select **Properties** from the menu.
- 5. Click the **Driver** tab, and then click the **Driver Details** button to display the RAID controller drivers.
- 6. Click **OK** when finished.

6.2 Intel[®] chipset device software installation

This section provides the instructions on how to install the Intel[®] chipset device software on the system.

You need to manually install the Intel[®] chipset device software on a Windows operating system.

To install the Intel[®] chipset device software:

- 1. Restart the computer, and then log on with Administrator privileges.
- Insert the motherboard/system support DVD to the optical drive. The support DVD automatically displays the **Drivers** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **ASSETUP.EXE** from the **BIN** folder. Double-click the **ASSETUP.EXE** to run the support DVD.

3. Click the item Intel Chipset Device Software from the menu.



4. The Intel(R) Chipset Device Software window appears. Click Next to start installation.



5. Select **Yes** to accept the terms of the **License Agreement** and continue the process.



6. Read the **Readme File Information** and press **Next** to continue the installation.



7. After completing the installation, click **Finish** to complete the setup process.



6.3 LAN driver installation

This section provides the instructions on how to install the Intel[®] Gigabit LAN controller drivers on the system.

You need to manually install the LAN controller driver on a Windows® operating system.

To install the LAN controller drivers:

- 1. Restart the computer, and then log on with Administrator privileges.
- Insert the motherboard/system support DVD to the optical drive. The support DVD automatically displays the **Drivers** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



 Windows[®] automatically detects the LAN controllers and displays a New Hardware Found window. Click Cancel to close this window.

- If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file ASSETUP.EXE from the BIN folder. Doubleclick the ASSETUP.EXE to run the DVD.
- 3. Click the Intel[®] PRO/1000 Gigabit Adapters Driver to begin installation.



4. Click Next when the Intel(R) Network Connections–InstallShield Wizard window appears.

👘 Intel(R) N	etwork Connections - InstallShield Wizard	×
	e to the InstallShield Wizard for Network Connections	(intel)
	Installs drivers, Intel(R) PROSet for Windows* Device Manager, and Advanced Networking Services.	
	WARNING: This program is protected by copyright law and international treaties.	
InstaliShield –	< Back	Cancel

 Toggle I accept the terms in the license agreement and click Next to continue.

License Agreement Please read the following license agreement o	carefully.	(intel
INTEL SOFTWARE LICENSE A	AGREEMENT (Final, L	icense)
IMPORTANT - READ BEFORE CO to not use or load this software and any	27157 ED 04 548	N DE LES SERVICES AN AN
o not use or load this software and any Software") until you have carefully read pading or using the Software, you agree o not wish to so agree, do not install or u	associated materia the following terms to the terms of this	ls (collectively, the and conditions. By
IMPORTANT - READ BEFORE CO on oncuses or load this software and any software") until you have carefully read bading or using the Software, you agree o not wish to so agree, do not install or ICENSES: Please Note: Eaccept the terms in the license agreement	associated materia the following terms to the terms of this	ls (collectively, the and conditions. By
o not use or load this software and any Software") until you have carefully read arding or using the Software, you agree o not wish to so agree, do not install or u ICENSES: Please Note:	associated materia the following terms to the terms of this use the Software.	Is (collectively, the and conditions. By Agreement. If you

 Click the Intel(R) PROSet for Windows Device Manager box, and then click Next to start the installation.

Setup Options		(Intel)
Select the program features you want in	nstalled.	Inter
nstall:		
Drivers	ico Managor	
Advanced Network Services	ice manager	
Intel(R) Network Connections SNM	D Annah	
Theoley Mechoix Connections Divini	P Agenic	
Intel(k) Network Connections Shini	P Agent	
	P Agent	
	P Agent	
Feature Description	PAgent	
	P Agent	
	P Agent	
	P Agent	
	P Ayen.	

7. Follow the screen instructions to complete installation.



8. When finished, press **Finish** to continue.



6.4 VGA driver installation

This section provides the instructions on how to install the XGI Volari Z9s Video Graphics Adapter (VGA) driver.

You need to manually install the XGI Volari Z9s VGA driver on a Windows® operating system.

To install theXGI Volari Z9s VGA driver:

- 1. Restart the computer, and then log on with Administrator privileges.
- Insert the motherboard/system support DVD to the optical drive. The support DVD automatically displays the **Drivers** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.

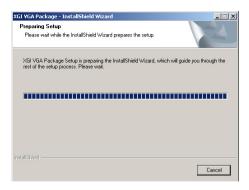


If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **ASSETUP.EXE** from the **BIN** folder. Double-click the **ASSETUP.EXE** to run the support DVD.

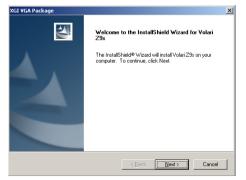
3. Click the XGI Volari Z9s Display Driver to begin installation.



4. The XGI VGA Package window appears, preparing the setup.



5. Click Next to start the installation.



- 6. The system will update the VGA driver.
- 7. When the installation completes, click **Finish** to restart your computer before using the program.

XCI YGA Package	InstallShield Wizard Complete The InstallShield Wizard has successfully installed Volari Z9s. Before you can use the program, you must restart your computer. (* [Yes, I want to restart my computer now.] C No. I will restart my computer later. Remove any disks from their drives, and then click Finish to complete setue.
	< Beck Finish Cancel

6.5 Management applications and utilities installation

The support DVD that came with the motherboard package contains the drivers, management applications, and utilities that you can install to avail all motherboard features.



The contents of the support DVD are subject to change at any time without notice. Visit the ASUS website (www.asus.com) for updates.

6.5.1 Running the support DVD

Place the support DVD to the optical drive. The DVD automatically displays the Drivers menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file ASSETUP.EXE from the BIN folder. Double-click the ASSETUP.EXE to run the DVD.

6.5.2 Drivers menu

The Drivers menu shows the available device drivers if the system detects installed devices. Install the necessary drivers to activate the devices.



The screen display and driver options vary under different operating system versions.



6.5.3 Utilities menu

The Utilities menu displays the software applications and utilities that the motherboard supports. Click an item to install.



6.5.4 Make disk menu

The Make disk menu contains items to create the Intel and LSI MegaRAID driver disks.



6.5.5 Contact information

Click the Contact tab to display the ASUS contact information. You can also find this information on the inside front cover of this user guide.

Drivers	Utilities	Make Disk	Contact		
ASUSTek	COMPUTER INC				
		Peitou, Taipei, Taiwar			
	+886-2-2894- -2-2890-7798	3447			
	-2-2890-7798 D@asus.com.tw				
	http://www.asus				
	A				
		6 6 6	2 24 16		
	+86-21-3842				
	21-58668722, e	or. 9101# port.asus.com/techse	nutochconu senz	-	
Online Su	port. Intpinsup	porcasus.commecna	inviecinselv.aspx		
	Source .			<u> </u>	
	COMPUTER IN				
	COMPUTER IN				
		NATIONAL (America) (Germany & Austria)			
		(and a second			
A303 C0					